

## QUIZ on Lecture P1\_Wk5\_L1

1. In VEDA, by selecting Echo of Input Parameters in the Results menu, you can
  - a) estimate the length of time required to run the simulation
  - b) obtain a printout of all values that VEDA used when performing the simulation
  - c) learn the names of other users who ran a similar simulation
  - d) view a summary of the prior simulations that you have performed
2. When performing a DMT simulation of the cantilever deflection as a function of z displacement, what parameter should you vary to simulate results expected for softer substrates?
  - a) vary Young's modulus of the tip
  - b) vary the cantilever spring constant
  - c) vary Young's modulus of the substrate
  - d) vary the z range over which the simulation is performed
3. When performing a simulation of the cantilever deflection as a function of z displacement, one sure sign that the substrate is very rigid is
  - a) before jump to contact, the cantilever deflection is constant, independent of z displacement
  - b) after jump to contact, the magnitude of the slope of the deflection vs. displacement simulation is less than 1
  - c) after jump to contact, the magnitude of the slope of the deflection vs. displacement simulation is greater than 1
  - d) after jump to contact, the magnitude of the slope of the deflection vs. displacement simulation is equal to 1
4. A simulation of VEDA of the cantilever deflection as a function of z displacement is performed for four different substrates with Young's modulus of 500 GPa, 100 GPa, 10 GPa, and 1 GPa. You would expect the substrate showing the smallest deformation will be
  - a) the substrate with the 500 GPa modulus
  - b) the substrate with the 100 GPa modulus
  - c) the substrate with the 10 GPa modulus
  - d) the substrate with the 1 GPa modulus