

Principles of Electronic Nanobiosensors

Unit 2: Settling Time

[Lecture 2.8: First Passage and Narrow Escape Time I](#)

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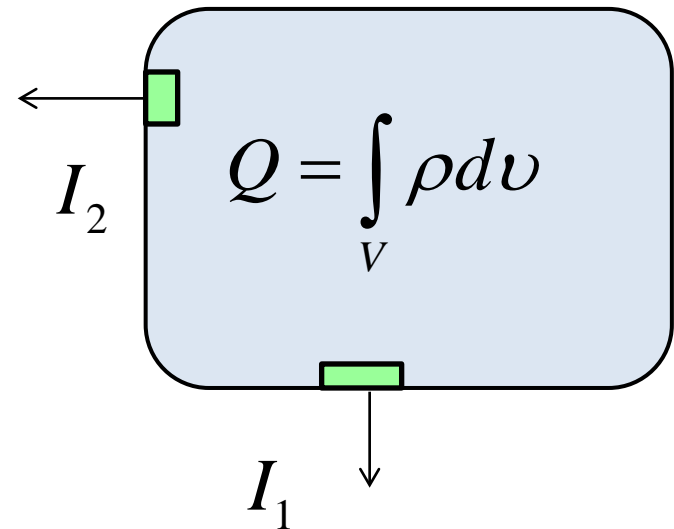
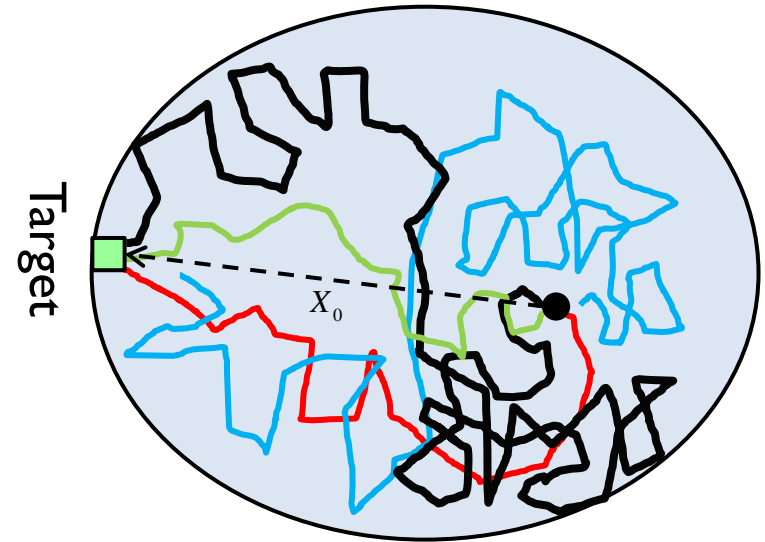
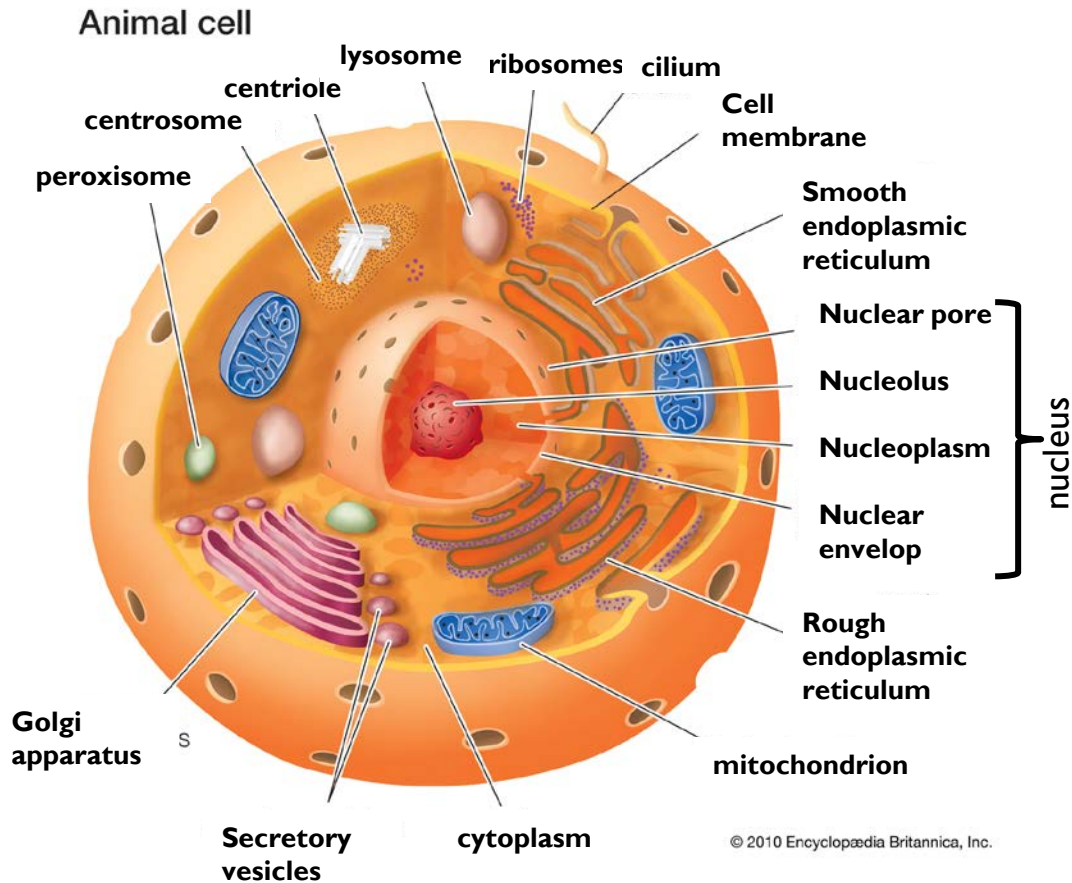
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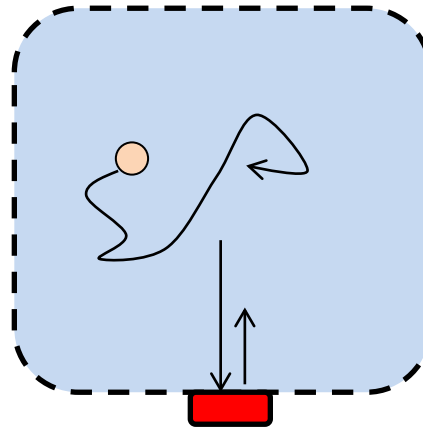
Outline

- 'Blind' molecule escaping from a cell
- First passage time (FPT)
- First passage time (FPT): examples
- Narrow escape time (NET)
- Conclusion

On Cells and Sensors

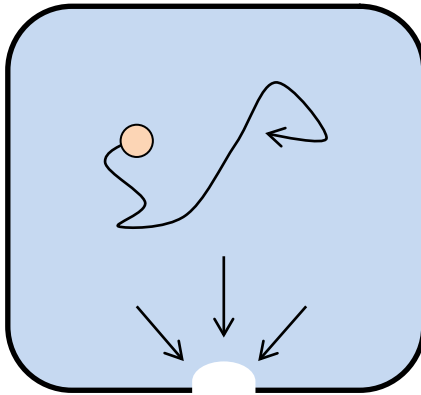


Settling time, MFPT, and NET

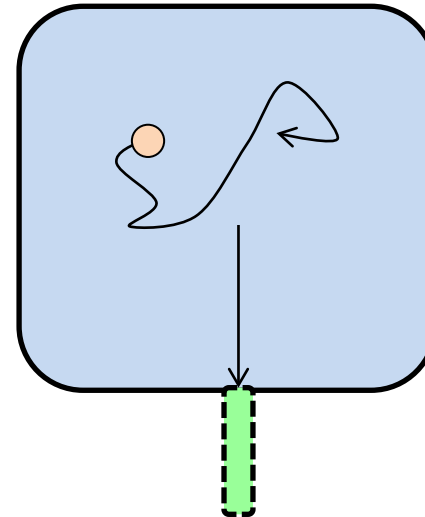


Settling time

First passage time (FPT)



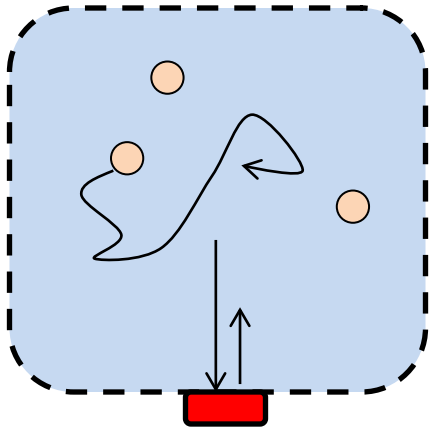
Narrow escape time (NET)



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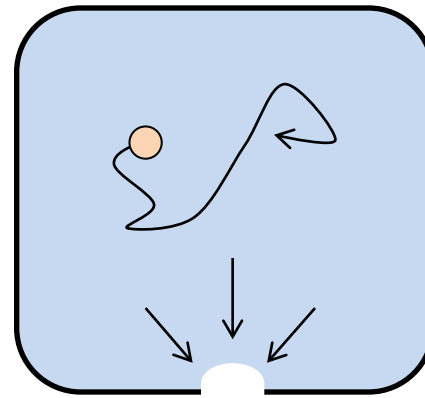
Response Time vs. First Passage Time



$$\frac{d\rho}{dt} = D\nabla^2\rho$$

$$\frac{dN(t)}{dt} = k_F(N_0 - N)\rho_s - k_R N$$

How long to capture N_S ?



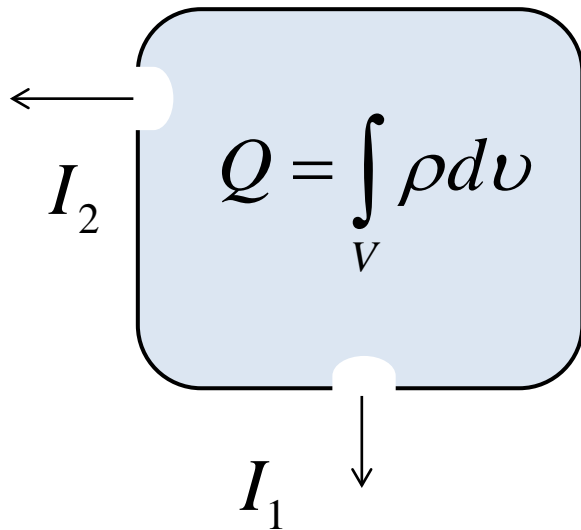
$$N_T = \int_V \rho dV$$

$$\frac{d\rho}{dt} = D\nabla^2\rho$$

$$\frac{dN_T}{dt} = F_{in} - F_{out} = -\frac{N_T}{\tau}$$

How long, on average, to escape?

Charge Control: First Passage Time



$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = D \nabla^2 \rho$$

$$\frac{\partial \int_V \rho dv}{\partial t} = dQ/dt$$

$$\int_V D \nabla^2 \rho dv = - \int_S J \cdot dS = -(I_1 + I_2)$$

$$dQ/dt = -Q/\tau = -(I_1 + I_2)$$

$$\tau = Q/(I_1 + I_2)$$

$$p = I_1/(I_1 + I_2)$$

$$Q_1 = I_1 Q/(I_1 + I_2)$$

MFPT and Diffusion Capacitance

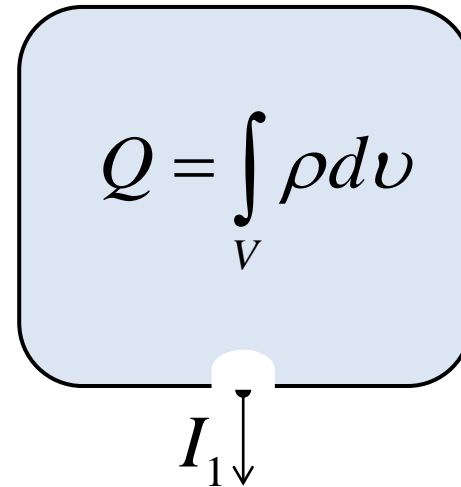
$$\frac{dN_T}{dt} = -\frac{N_T}{\tau} \sim X_{in} - I_{out}$$

For large V ... $N_T \approx V \rho_0$

$$\tau \sim N_T / I_{out} \sim V \rho_0 / I_1$$

$$I_1 = C_{D,SS} (\rho_0 - \rho_s) \sim C_{D,SS} \rho_0$$

$$\tau / V \rightarrow C_{D,SS}^{-1}$$

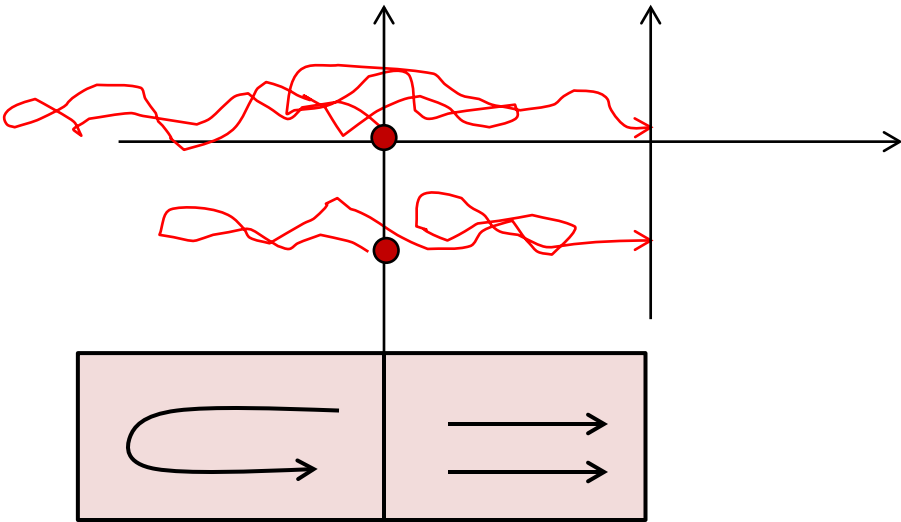


Remarkably simple, yet powerful result

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Example 1: MFPT by Charge Control



$$I_1 = (D/x) \rho_0$$

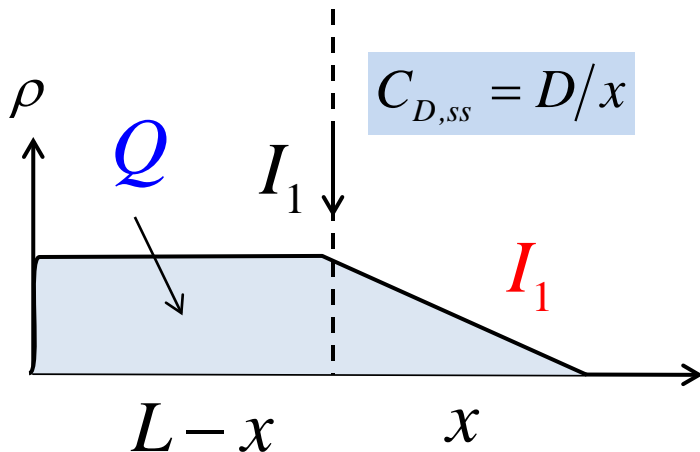
$$Q = \rho_0 (x/2) + \rho_0 (L - x)$$

$$\tau \sim Q/I_1$$

$$\tau = (x^2/2D) + x(L - x)/D$$

$$= (2Lx - x^2)/2D$$

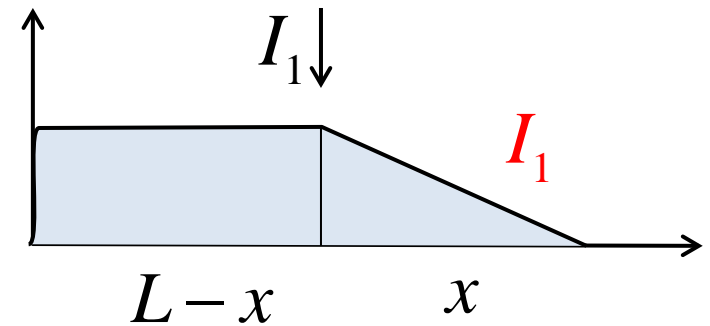
$$\tau = (2Lx - x^2)/2D$$



Example 1: MFPT in 1D by Capacitance

$$N_T \approx V \rho_0$$

$$\tau/V \rightarrow C_{D,SS}^{-1}$$



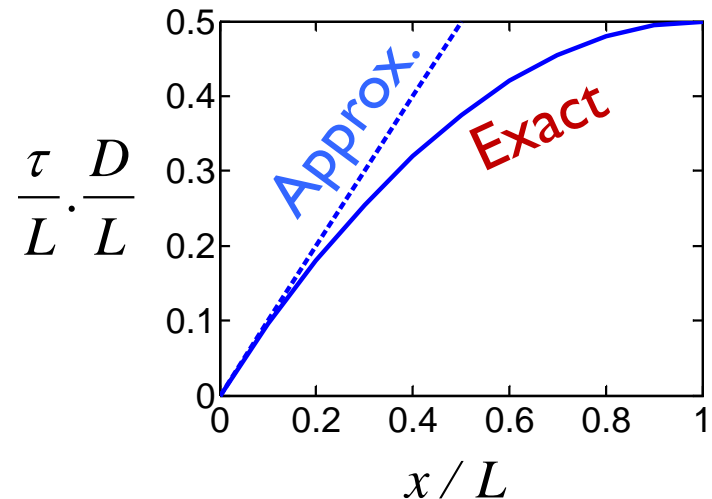
$$N_T = (\rho_0 x/2) + \rho_0 (L-x)$$

$$= \rho_0 L (1 - x/2L) \rightarrow \rho_0 L$$

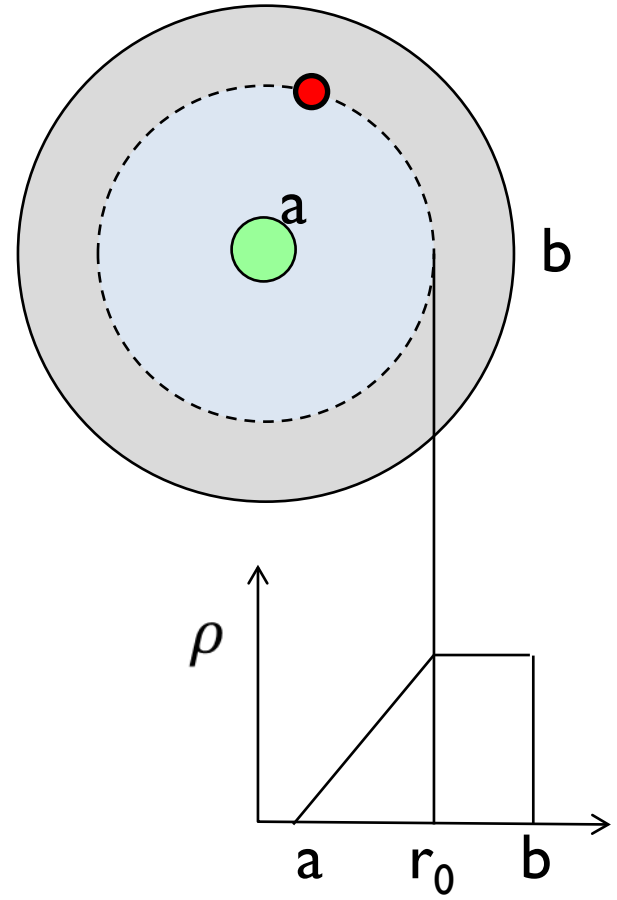
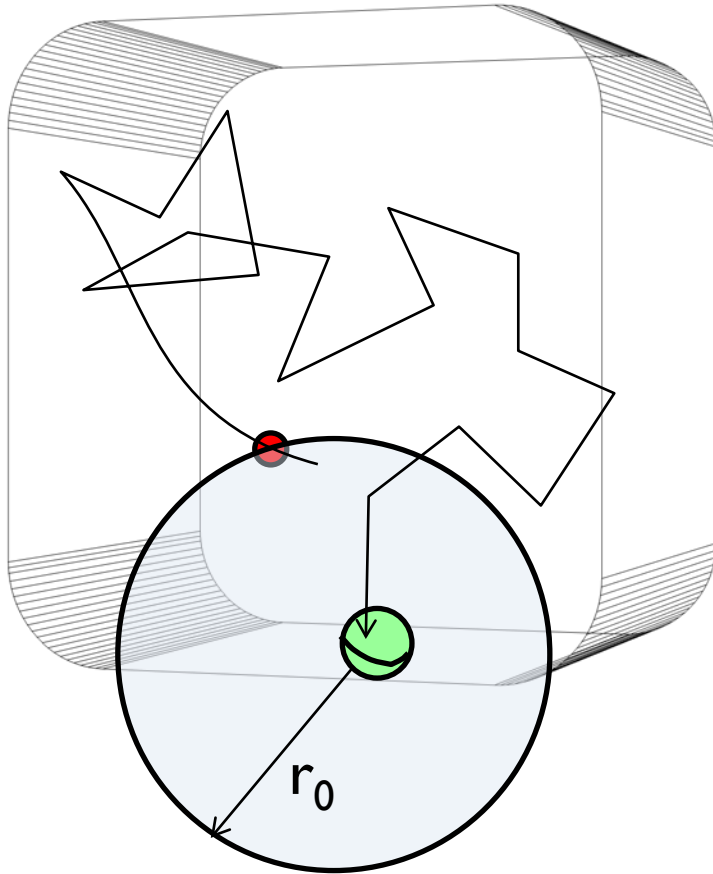
$$C_{D,SS} = D/x$$

$$\Rightarrow \tau/L = D^{-1}x \quad \text{Approximate}$$

$$\tau/L = D^{-1}x \left(1 - x/2L\right) \quad \text{Exact}$$



Example 2: MFPT in 3D



Example 2: MFPT in 3D by Capacitance

$$C_{D,ss} = \frac{4\pi D}{\left(\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{r_0}\right)}$$

$$\tau/V \rightarrow C_{D,ss}^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\tau}{V} \approx \frac{1}{4\pi D} \left(\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{r_0} \right)$$

Approx.

Cell size

$$\frac{\tau}{V} = \frac{1}{4\pi D} \left(\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{r_0} \right) + \frac{(a^2 - r_0^2)}{8Db^3} \quad \text{Exact}$$

