

**ECE 656: Fall 2009**  
**Lecture 7 Homework SOLUTIONS**

- 1) Work out the following sum for a ballistic, 1D resistor at  $T = 0\text{K}$ :

$$I^+ = \frac{1}{L} \sum_{k>0} qv_x f_0(E_{F1})$$

- 2) Use the result from the corresponding sum over negative k-states,

$$I^- = \frac{1}{L} \sum_{k<0} qv_x f_0(E_{F2})$$

to show that for small bias,  $qV = E_{F1} - E_{F2}$ , the resulting current is

$$I = I^+ - I^- = \frac{2q^2}{h} V$$

## HW7 Solution

$$1) I^+ = \frac{1}{L} \sum_{k>0} q v_x f_0(E_{F1})$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{L}{2\pi} \cdot 2 \int dk q \frac{dE}{d(\hbar k)} f_0(E_F)$$

$$= \frac{q}{\pi \hbar} \int_0^{E_{F1}} dE f_0(E_{F1}) = \frac{q}{\pi \hbar} E_{F1}$$

$$2) I^- = \frac{q}{\pi \hbar} E_{F2}$$

$$I = I^+ - I^- = \frac{q}{\pi \hbar} (E_{F1} - E_{F2}) = \frac{q^2}{\pi \hbar} \cdot V$$

$$\frac{q^2}{\pi \hbar} = \frac{q^2}{\pi \hbar / 2\pi} = \frac{2q^2}{\hbar} \rightarrow \boxed{I = \frac{2q^2}{\hbar} V} \checkmark$$