

ECE 656: Fall 2009
Lecture 14 Homework SOLUTION

The purpose of this homework assignment is to solve the Boltzmann Transport Equation for a particle with charge $+Zq$, where Z is an integer > 1 . This may occur in problems like the flow of ions through channels in cell walls or the flow of ions inside a battery.

- 1) Solve the BTE in the relaxation time approximation assuming a constant relaxation time, and a small electric field, but no concentration gradient. Use the result to derive an equation for the drift current.

- 2) Solve the BTE in the relaxation time approximation assuming a constant relaxation time, and a small concentration gradient, but no electric field. Use the result to derive an equation for the diffusion current.

- 3) Find the Einstein relation for these charged particles.

$$1) \quad \cancel{v_x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + F_x \frac{\partial f}{\partial p_x} = - \frac{(f-f_0)}{\tau_f} \quad F_x = + zq \mathcal{E}_x$$

$$0 \quad \tau_f = \tau_0$$

$$zq \mathcal{E}_x \frac{\partial f}{\partial p_x} = - \frac{f_A}{\tau_0} \quad f_A = - zq \tau_0 \mathcal{E}_x \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial p_x}$$

$$f = f_0 - zq \tau_0 \mathcal{E}_x \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial p_x} \rightarrow \text{displaced Maxwellian}$$

$$P_{dx} = + zq \tau_0 \mathcal{E}_x$$

$$\langle v_x \rangle = \frac{P_{dx}}{m} = zq \frac{\tau_0}{m^*} \mathcal{E}_x = \mu \mathcal{E}_x$$

$$\mu = \frac{zq \tau_0}{m^*} \quad J_{\text{DRIFT}} = n zq \left(\frac{zq \tau_0}{m^*} \right) \mathcal{E}_x \quad \checkmark$$

2) the BTE becomes:

$$v_x \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = - \frac{f_A}{\tau_0} \quad f_A = - v_x \tau_0 \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial x}$$

$$J_{\text{DIFF}} = \frac{1}{\Omega} \sum_{\vec{p}} (zq) v_x f_A = - \frac{zq \tau_0}{\Omega} \sum_{\vec{k}} v_x^2 \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial x}$$

1)

2)

$$J_{DIFF} = -ZqT_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{1}{\Omega} \sum_{\vec{k}} v_x^2 f_0 \right)$$

$$= -ZqT_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{1}{\Omega} \sum \frac{mv_x^2}{2} f_0 \right) \cdot \frac{2}{m}$$

$$v_x^2 = v^2/3$$

$$\sum_{\vec{k}} mv_x^2/2 f_0 = n \langle E_k \rangle = 3/2 k_B T \times n$$

$$J_{DIFF} = -ZqT_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{3}{2} k_B T \cdot n \right) \cdot \frac{2}{m} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{ZqT_0}{m} \cdot k_B T \frac{\partial n}{\partial x}$$

$$\checkmark = Zq \times F_{DIFF}$$

$$F_{DIFF} = -\frac{qT_0}{m} \frac{\partial n}{\partial x}$$

3)

according to (1) $\mu = ZqT_0/m$

according to (2) $D = \tau_0 k_B T/m$

$$\frac{D}{\mu} = \frac{k_B T}{Zq} \checkmark$$

2)