

ECE 656: Fall 2009
Lecture 19 Homework
(Revised 10/27/09)

- 1a) Assume isotropic elastic scattering in 1D (i.e. equal probability of forward and backward scattering). Show that the momentum relaxation rate is equal to the scattering rate.

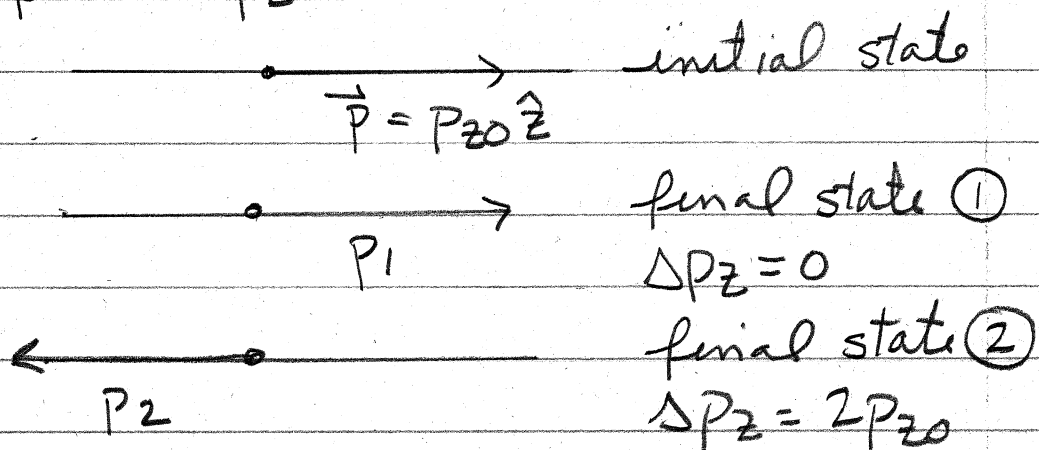
- 1b) Repeat problem 1a) but this time assume that the scattering is inelastic.

1a) assume elastic scattering

$$\frac{1}{\tau} = \sum_{\vec{p}'} S(\vec{p}, \vec{p}') = \sum_{\vec{p}'} S_0$$

same for forward & backscattering

$$\frac{1}{\tau_m} = \sum_{\vec{p}'} S_0 \frac{\Delta p_z}{p_{z0}}$$



$$\frac{1}{\tau} = \sum_{p'} S_0 = 2S_0$$

$$\frac{1}{\tau_m} = \sum_{\vec{p}} S_0 \frac{\Delta p_z}{p_{z0}} = S_0 \times 0 + S_0 \times 2 \frac{p_{z0}}{p_{z0}} = 2S_0$$

$$\frac{1}{\tau} = \frac{1}{\tau_m} \checkmark$$

1b)

assume phonon emission

$$|\vec{p}| \rightarrow |\vec{p}| - \Delta p$$

final state ① $\Delta p_z = \Delta p$

final state ② $\Delta p_z = 2p_{z0} - \Delta p$

$$\frac{L}{\tau_m} = S_0 \cdot \frac{\Delta p}{p_{z0}} + S_0 \frac{(2p_{z0} - \Delta p)}{p_{z0}} = 2S_0$$

so $\frac{L}{\tau_m} = \frac{L}{\tau}$ again \checkmark

2)