

**ECE 656: Fall 2009**  
**Lecture 20 Homework**  
(Revised 10/27/09)

- 1) It is tempting to estimate the momentum relaxation time,  $\langle\langle\tau_m\rangle\rangle$ , from the mobility and then to multiply by a velocity to get the mean-free-path. Give the correct expression for the mfp for backscattering in 2D - in terms of  $\langle\langle\tau_m\rangle\rangle$  as extracted from the measured mobility. You may assume a non-degenerate semiconductor.

From L20, Sec. 2

$$\langle \lambda \rangle_{BS} = \frac{2(k_B T / \hbar)}{v_T} \mu_n \frac{J_0(N_F)}{J_{-1/2}(N_F)}$$

$$= \frac{2(k_B T / \hbar)}{v_T} \cdot \frac{\hbar \langle \tau \rangle}{m^*} \left( \right)$$

$$= 2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi m^*}{2 k_B T} \cdot \frac{k_B T}{m^*} \langle \tau \rangle} \left( \right)$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2 \pi k_B T}{m^*} \langle \tau \rangle} \left( \right)$$

$$\langle \lambda \rangle_{BS} = \pi v_T \langle \tau \rangle \underbrace{\left( \frac{J_0(N_F)}{J_{-1/2}(N_F)} \right)}_{= 1 \text{ for non-deg.}}$$

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$$\langle \lambda \rangle_{BS} = \pi v_T \langle \tau \rangle$$

backscattering mfp

$$\lambda_{BS} = \frac{\pi}{2} v_T = \frac{\pi}{2} \lambda$$

$$\langle \lambda \rangle = 2 v_T \langle \tau \rangle$$