ECE 656 Homework (Week 2) Mark Lundstrom Purdue University

- 1) Assume T = 0K and work out the electron density per unit area for two cases:
 - i) A 2D semiconductor with parabolic energy bands and an effective mass of m^* . (Assume a valley degeneracy of 2.)
 - ii) Graphene, where we consider E > 0 to be the conduction band. (E = 0 is where the bands cross, the so-called Dirac point.) (Assume a valley degeneracy of 2.)
 - 1a) Express your two answers in terms of the Fermi energy, and show that they are **different**.
 - 1b) Express your two answers in terms of the Fermi wavevector and show that they are **the same**.
- 2) Assume a finite temperature and work out the sheet carrier densities, n_s , for:
 - 2a) Electrons in the conduction band of a 2D parabolic band semiconductor
 - 2b) Electrons in the conduction band (E > 0) of graphene.

Your answers to these questions should be in terms of material parameters and the Fermi level.

- 3) Assume T = 0K and work out the average +x-directed velocity for electrons in:
 - 3a) A 2D semiconductor with a parabolic conduction band and
 - 3b) The conduction band (E > 0) of graphene.

Your answer should be in terms of the Fermi energy, E_{F} .

4) Assume a nonparabolic, 1D energy bandstructure described by:

$$E(k_x)\left[1+\alpha E(k_x)\right] = \frac{\hbar^2 k_x^2}{2m^*(0)}$$

where

$$\frac{1}{m^*(0)} = \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \frac{d^2 E(k_x)}{dk_x^2} \bigg|_{k_x = 0}$$

ECE 656 Homework (Week 2) (continued)

- 4a) Sketch (or produce a Matlab plot) of E(k) vs. k for two cases: i) $\alpha = 0$ and ii) $\alpha > 0$. If you are producing a Matlab plot, the energy range should be from 0 to 1 eV, and you can assume $\alpha = 0.5$ eV.
- 4b) For this bandstructure, derive an expression for the velocity, $v_x(k_x)$ as a function of k_x .
- 5) For parabolic energy bands, the 2D density of states is

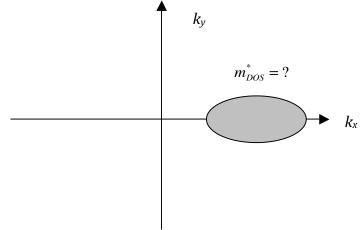
$$D_{2D}(E) = \frac{m^*}{\pi \hbar^2} \Theta(E - \varepsilon_1)$$

Assume a non-parabolic band described by the so-called Kane dispersion,

$$E(k)\left[1+\alpha E(k)\right] = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m^*(0)}$$

and derive the 2D density of states.

6) Derive an expression for the 2D density of states for one of the conduction band ellipsoids in silicon.



HINT: You may find the discussion in Pierret (*Advanced Semiconductor Fundamentals*) on pp. 94-95 helpful.

ECE 656 Homework (Week 2) (continued)

7) Assume an ultra thin body (100) silicon structure with a thickness of 3 nm. Assume no bandbending within the structure and infinitely high energy barriers at the oxide-silicon interfaces. Compute and plot the 2D density of states vs. energy.