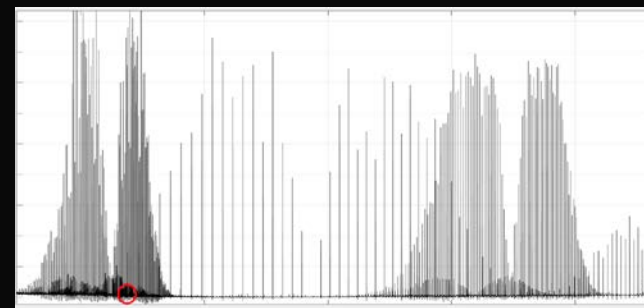
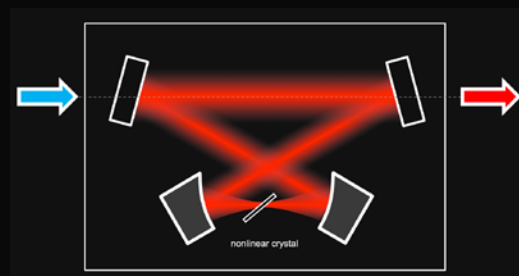


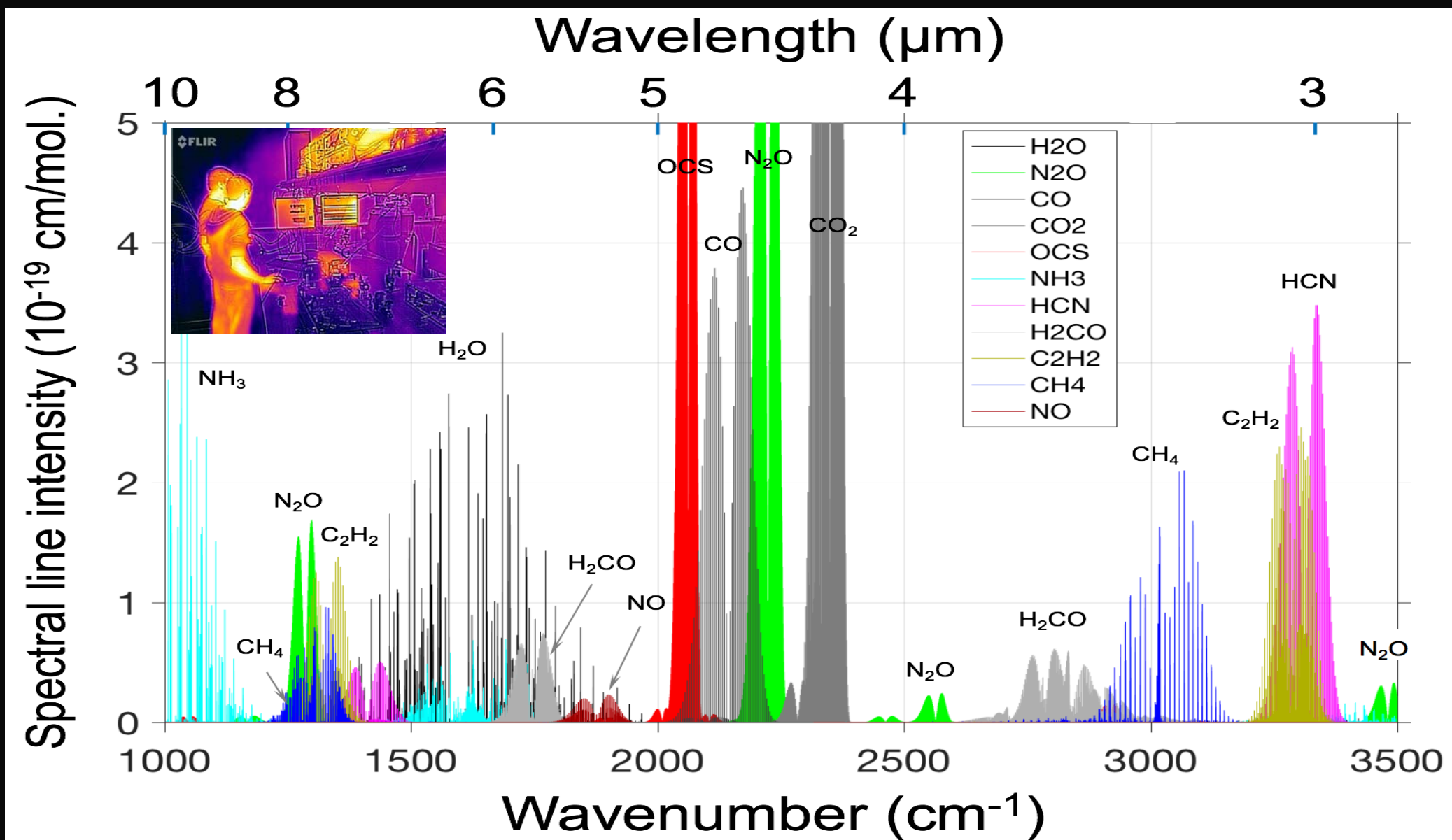
Massively parallel sensing of molecules with mid-infrared frequency combs



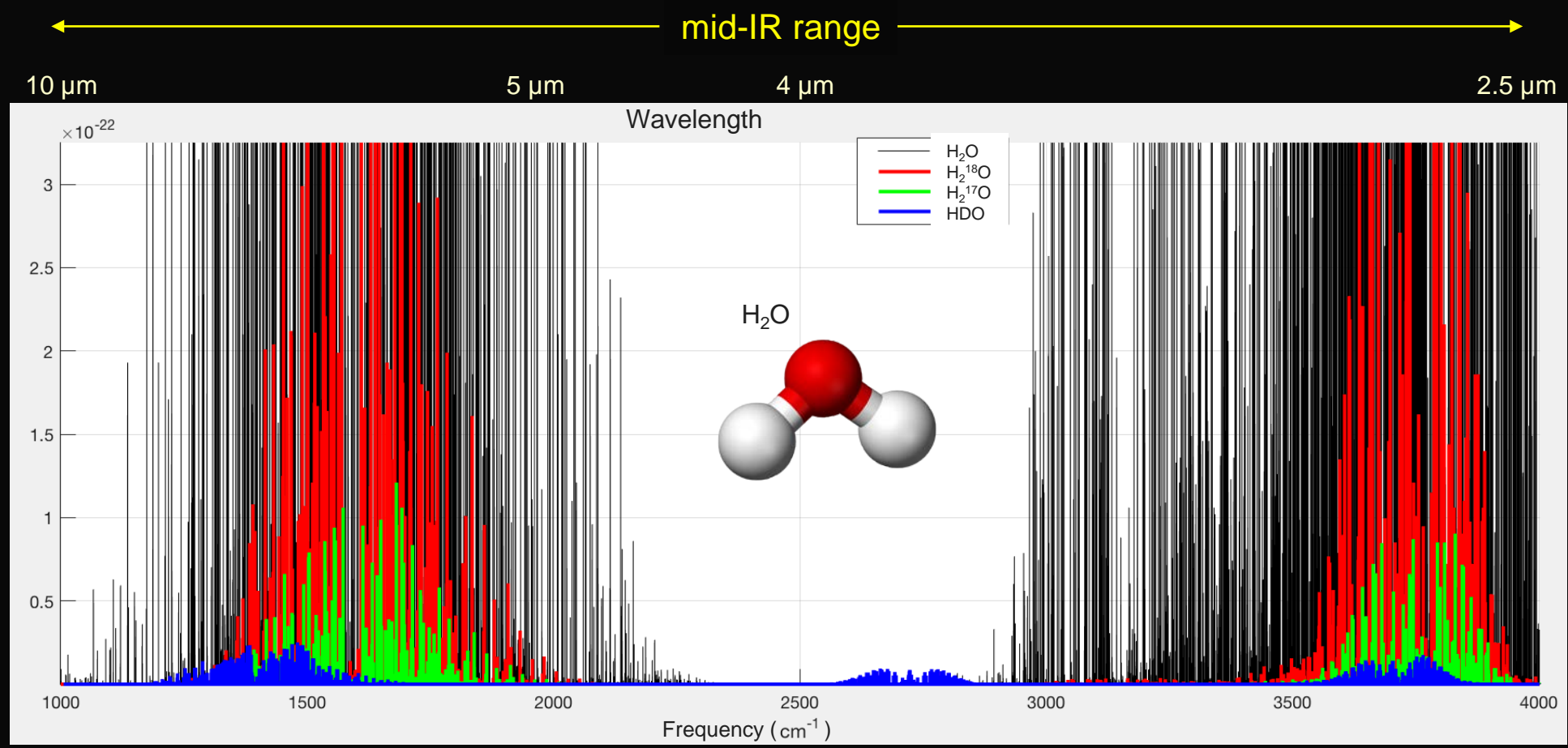
Konstantin Vodopyanov

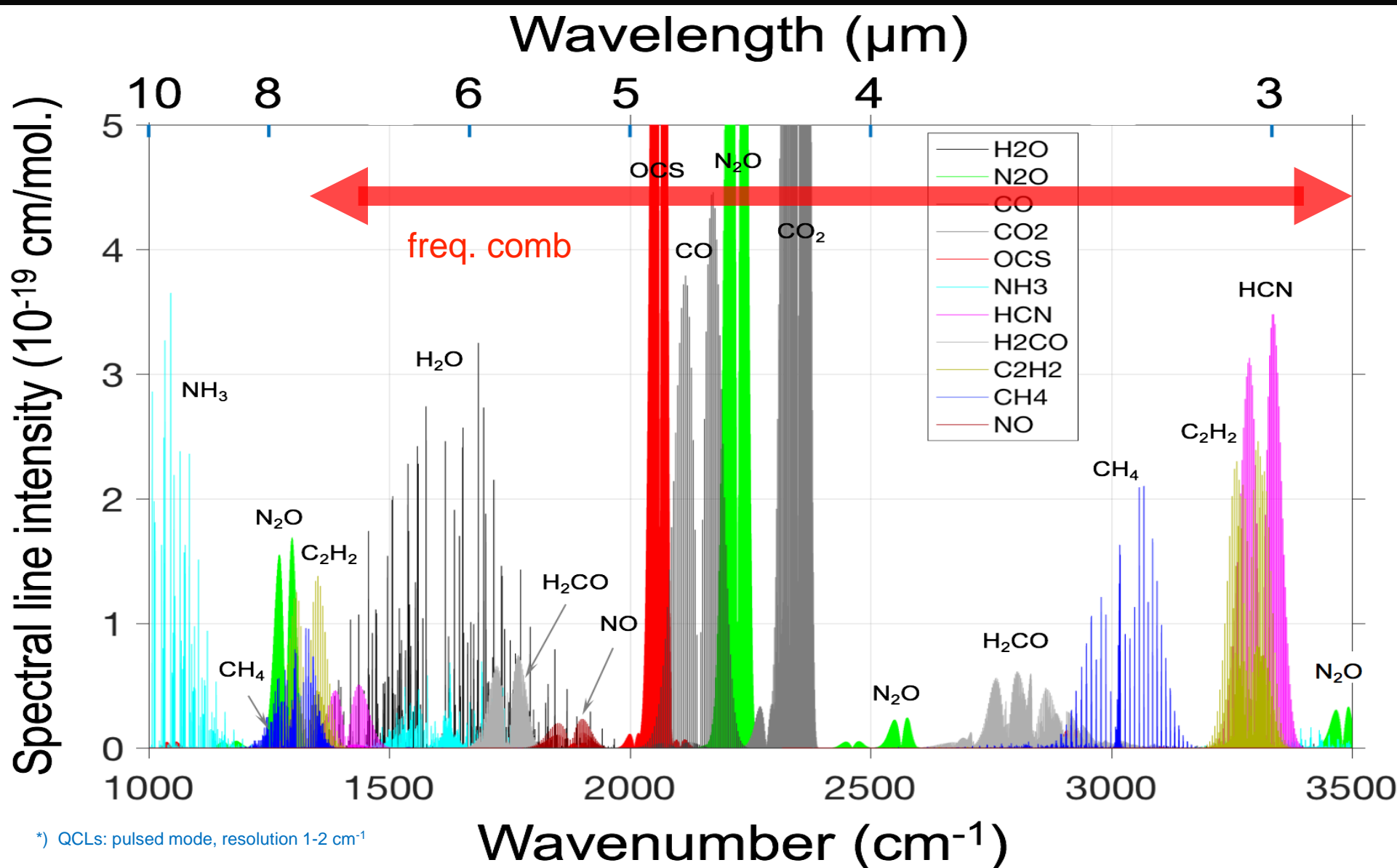
CREOL, The College of Optics and Photonics, Univ. of Central Florida

Mid-IR molecular 'signature' region



Absorption resonances of water molecule





*) QCLs: pulsed mode, resolution 1-2 cm^{-1}

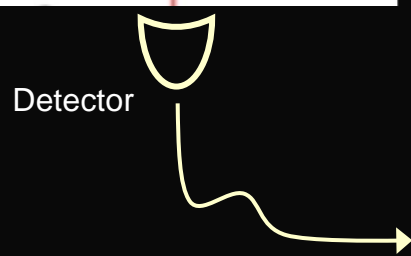
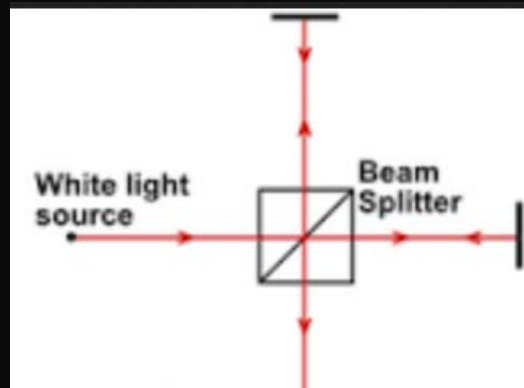
Fourier-transform spectroscopy (Michelson-interferometer spectroscopy)

A. Michelson
Nobel Prize in Physics 1907



Fourier transform of the autocorrelation
is the optical power spectrum

Wiener-Khinchine theorem

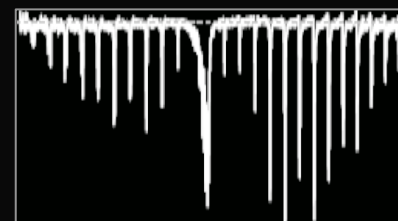


detector signal



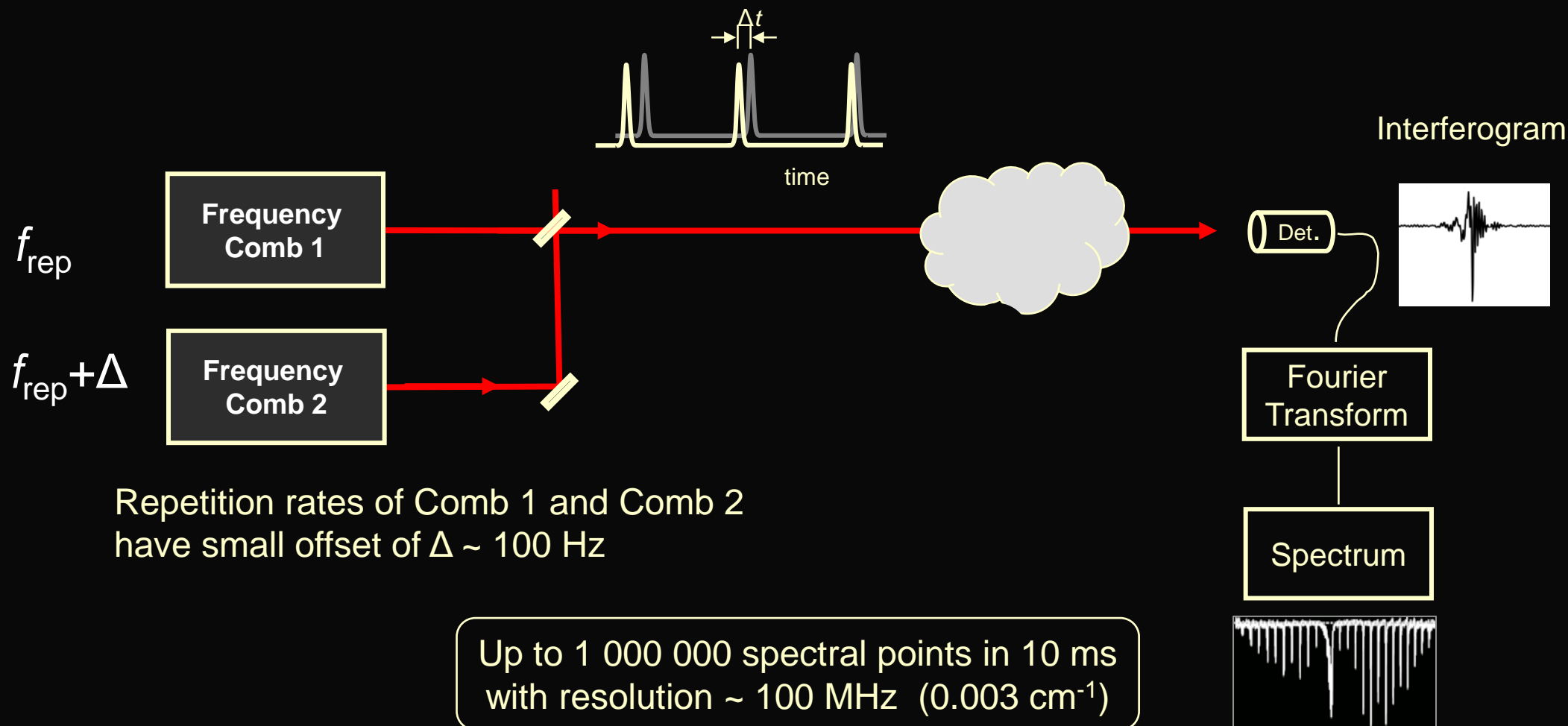
FFT

spectrum



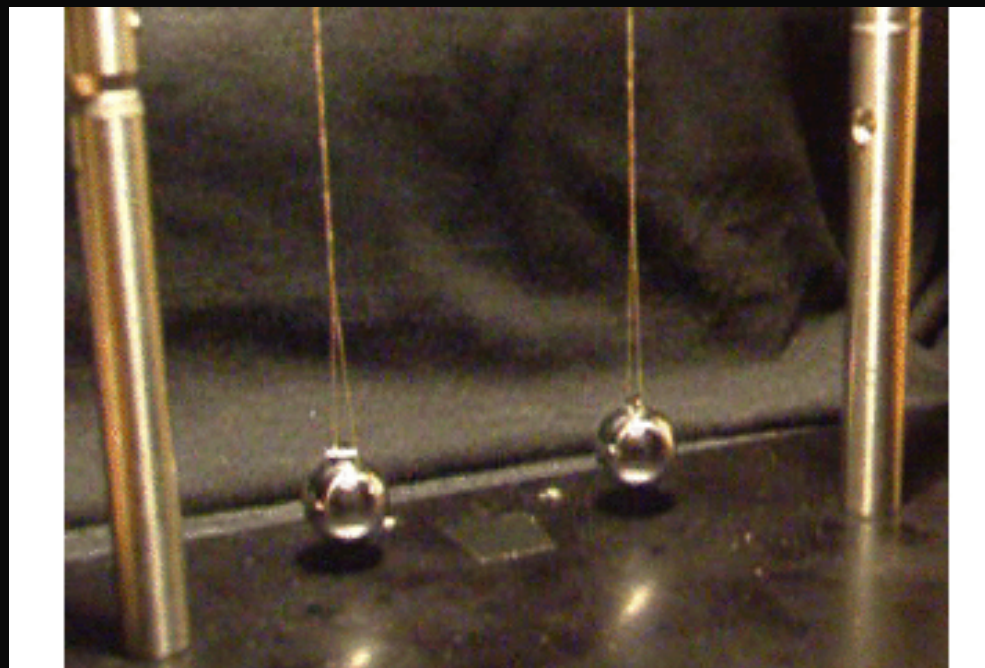
Optical spectrum is encoded in the dependence
of detector signal vs. beam path difference.

Dual-comb Fourier-transform spectroscopy

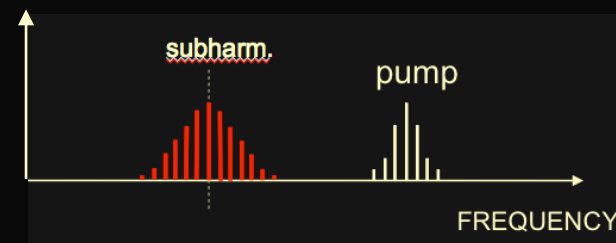
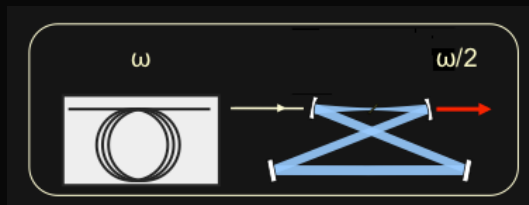


D. W. van der Weide, F. Keilmann, Coherent periodically pulsed radiation spectrometer, US Patent 5,748,309 (1998) (filed 1995)
 S. Schiller, Spectrometry with frequency combs, Opt. Lett. 27, 766 (2002).
 F. Keilmann, C. Gohle, and R. Holzwarth, Time-domain mid-infrared frequency-comb spectrometer, Opt. Lett. 29, 1542 (2004).

Frequency-divide-and-conquer approach to producing broadband mid-IR combs



Ponytail motion



The 2012 Ig Nobel Prize in Physics

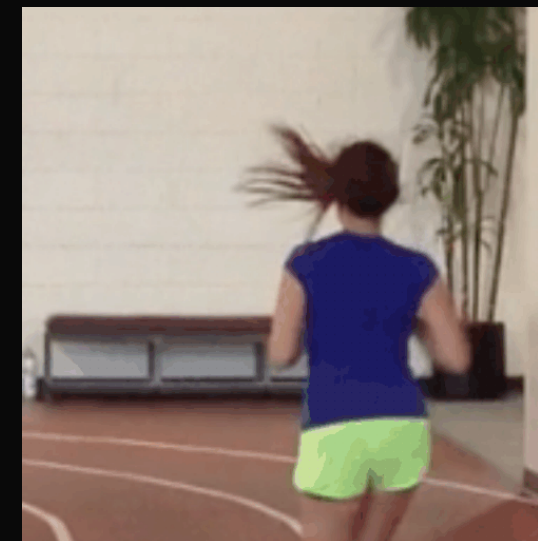
SIAM J. APPL. MATH.
Vol. 70, No. 7, pp. 2667–2672

© 2010 Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics

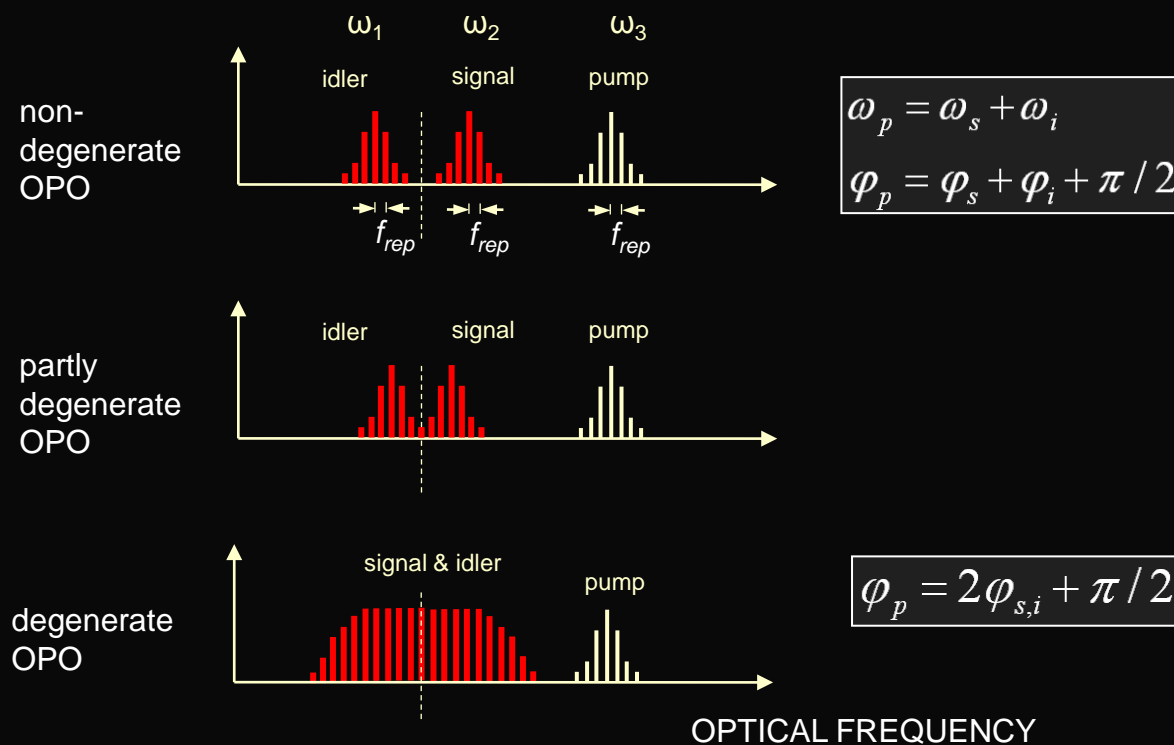
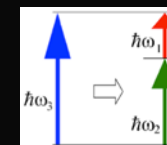
PONYTAIL MOTION*

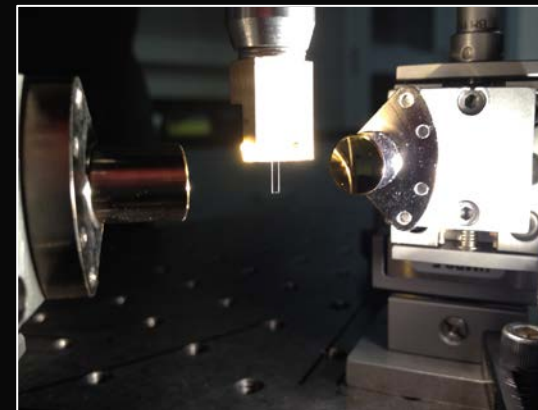
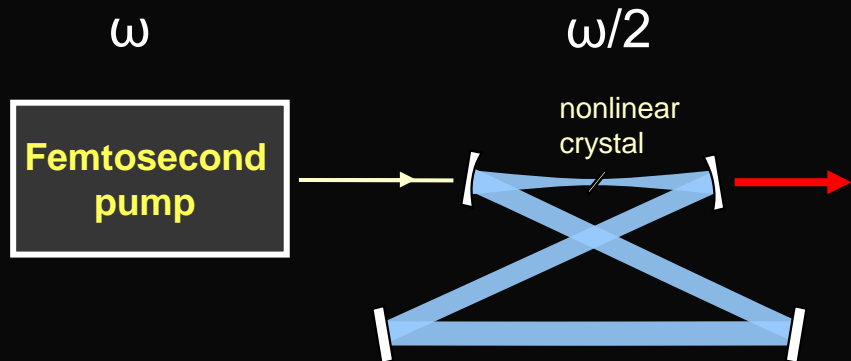
JOSEPH B. KELLER†

Abstract. A jogger's ponytail sways from side to side as the jogger runs, although her head does not move from side to side. The jogger's head just moves up and down, forcing the ponytail to do so also. We show in two ways that this vertical motion is unstable to lateral perturbations. First we treat the ponytail as a rigid pendulum, and then we treat it as a flexible string; in each case, it is hanging from a support which is moving up and down periodically, and we solve the linear equation for small lateral oscillation. The angular displacement of the pendulum and the amplitude of each mode of the string satisfy Hill's equation. This equation has solutions which grow exponentially in time when the natural frequency of the pendulum, or that of a mode of the string, is close to an integer multiple of half the frequency of oscillation of the support. Then the vertical motion is unstable, and the ponytail sways.



Concept of a subharmonic 'frequency-divide-by-two' OPO

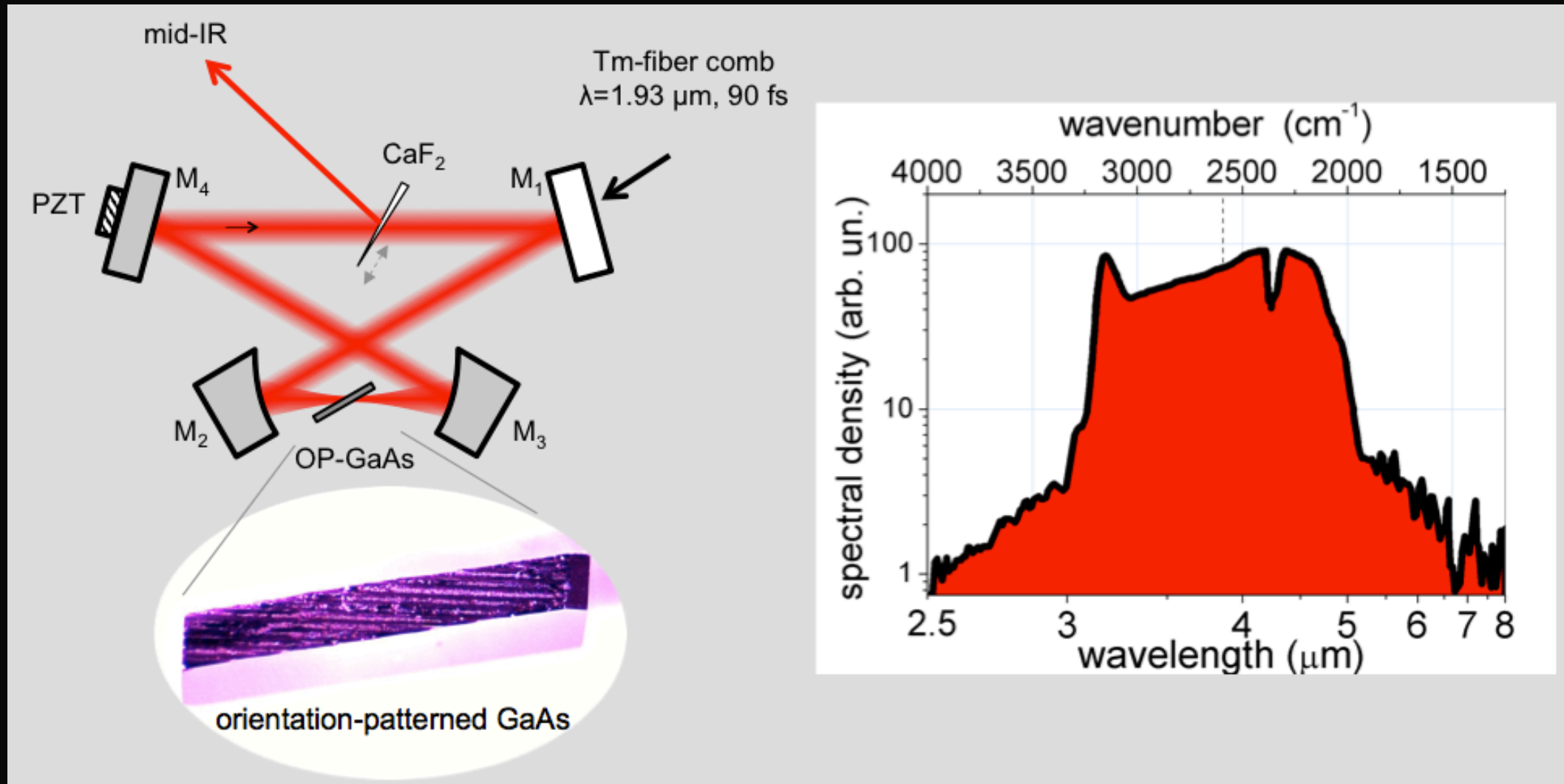




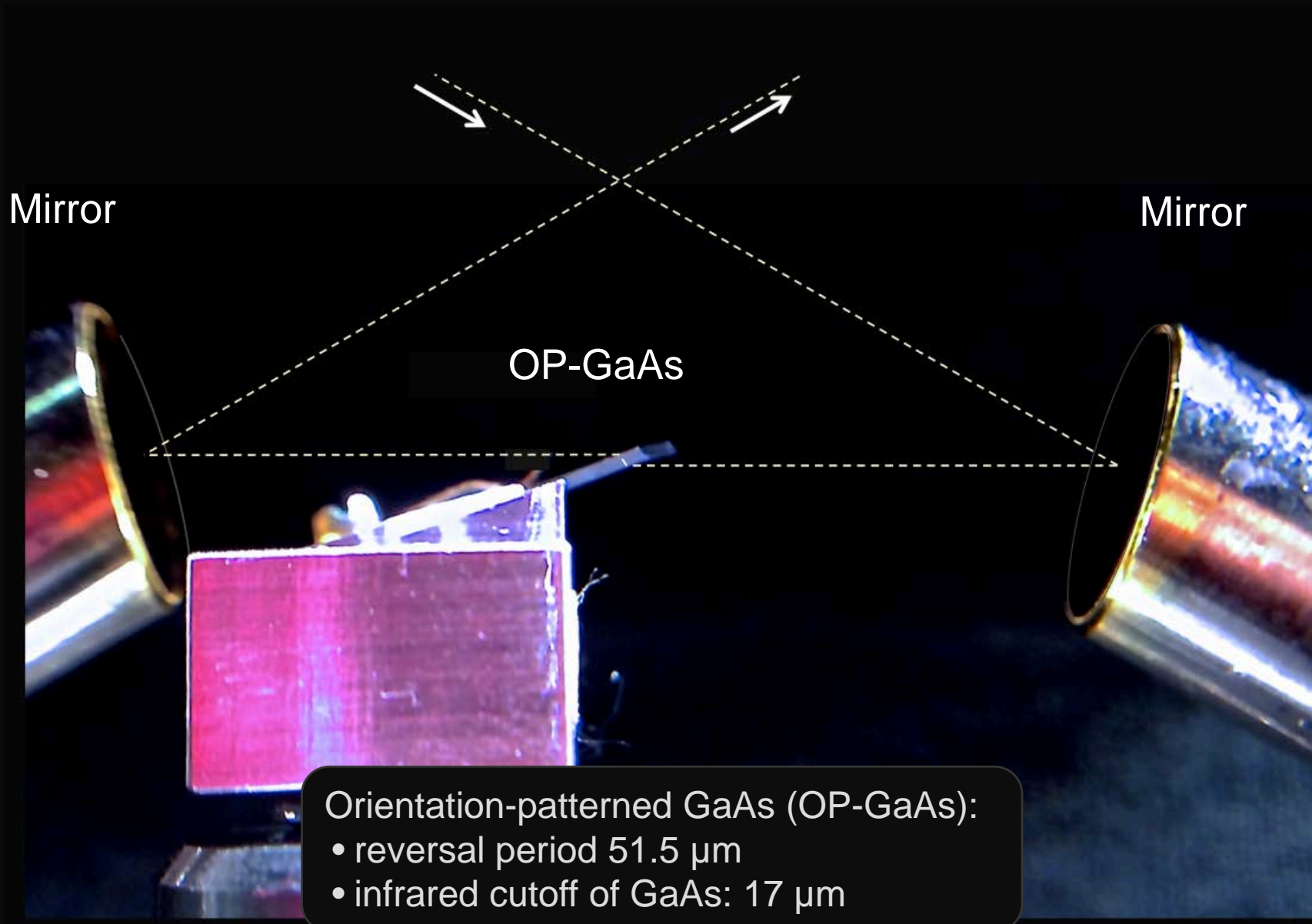
Femtosecond pump laser	Nonlinear crystal	Spectral span	Ref.
Er-fiber at 1560 nm	Periodically-poled lithium niobate , 200-500- μm long	2.5 - 3.8 μm	Leindecker et al., Opt. Express. 19, 6296 (2011)
Cr:ZnSe at 2425 nm	Orientation-patterned GaAs 500- μm long	4.4 - 5.4 μm	Vodopyanov et al., Opt. Lett. 36, 2275 (2011)
Tm-fiber at 2050 nm	Orientation-patterned GaAs 500- μm long	2.6 - 6.1 μm	Leindecker et al., Opt. Express. 20, 7046 (2012)
Cr:ZnS at 2380 nm	Orientation-patterned GaAs 500- μm long	3.6 – 5.6 μm	Smolski et al., Opt. Lett. 40, 2906 (2015)
Tm-fiber at 1930 nm	Orientation-patterned GaAs 500- μm long	2.6 – 7.5 μm	Smolski et al., Opt. Lett. 41, 1388 (2016)
Er-fiber at 1560 nm	Orientation-patterned GaP 500- μm long	2.3 - 4.8 μm	Q. Ru et al., Opt. Lett. 42, 4756 (2017)

Pump threshold ~ 10mW. Conversion efficiency can be > 60%

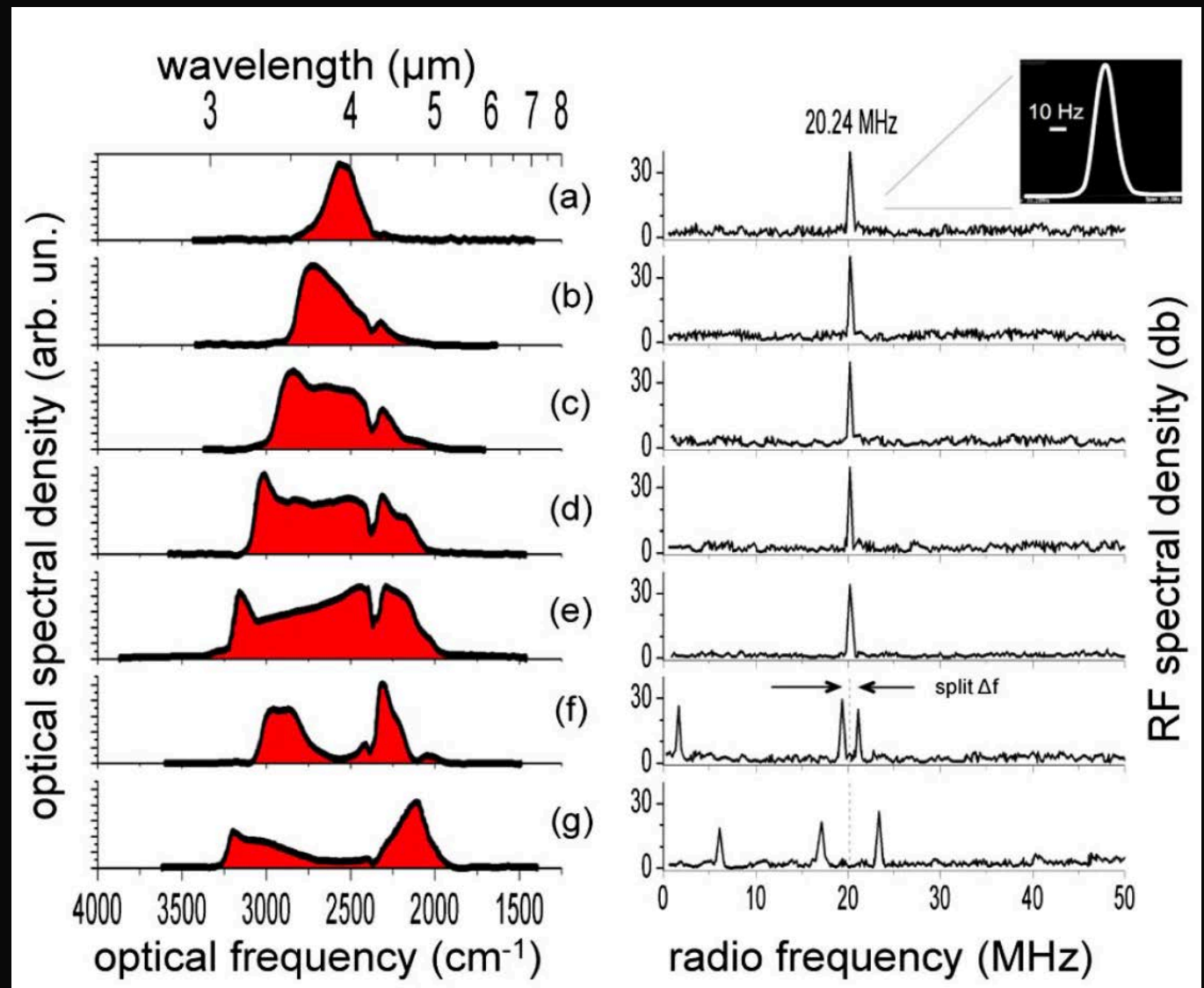
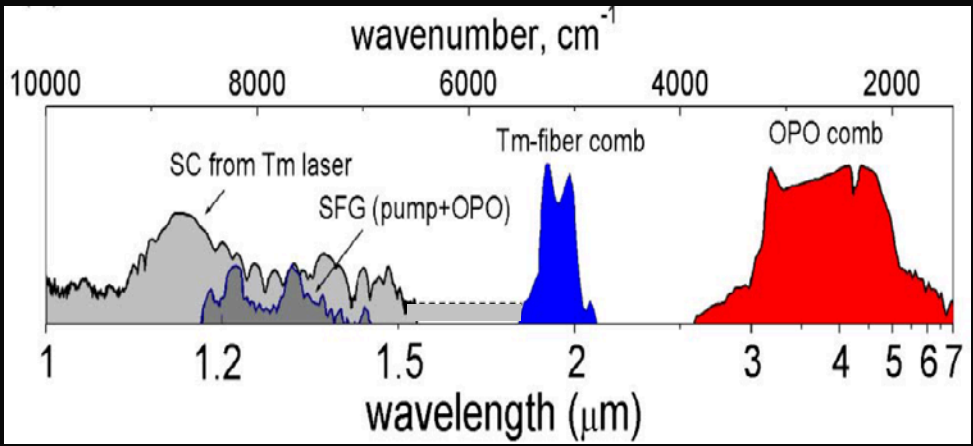
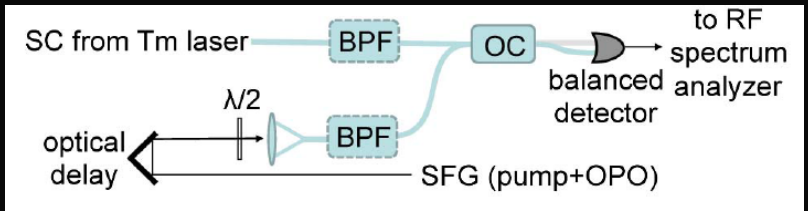
Tm-fiber pumped 2.6–7.5 μm frequency comb based on OP-GaAs



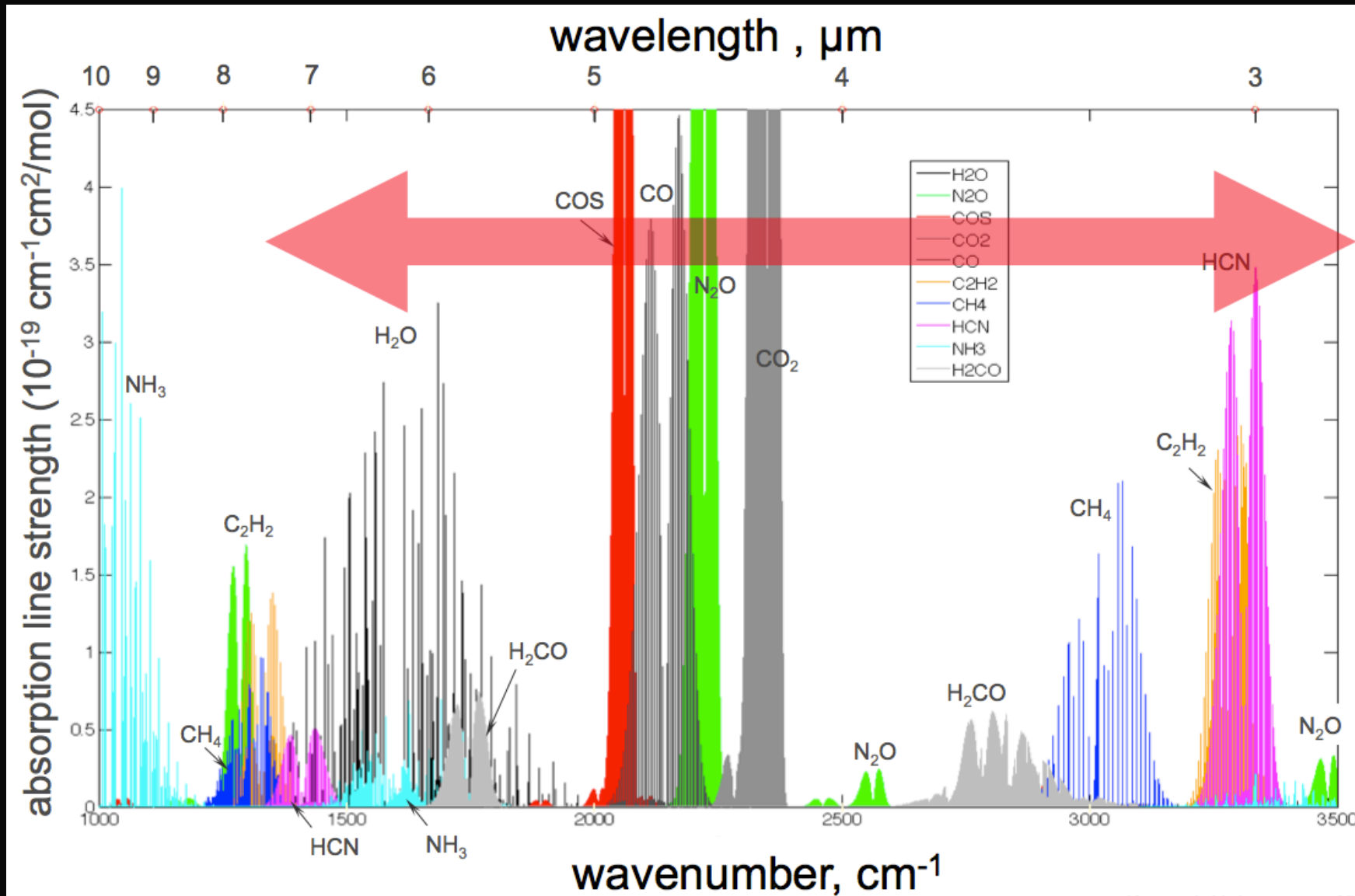
OPO engine

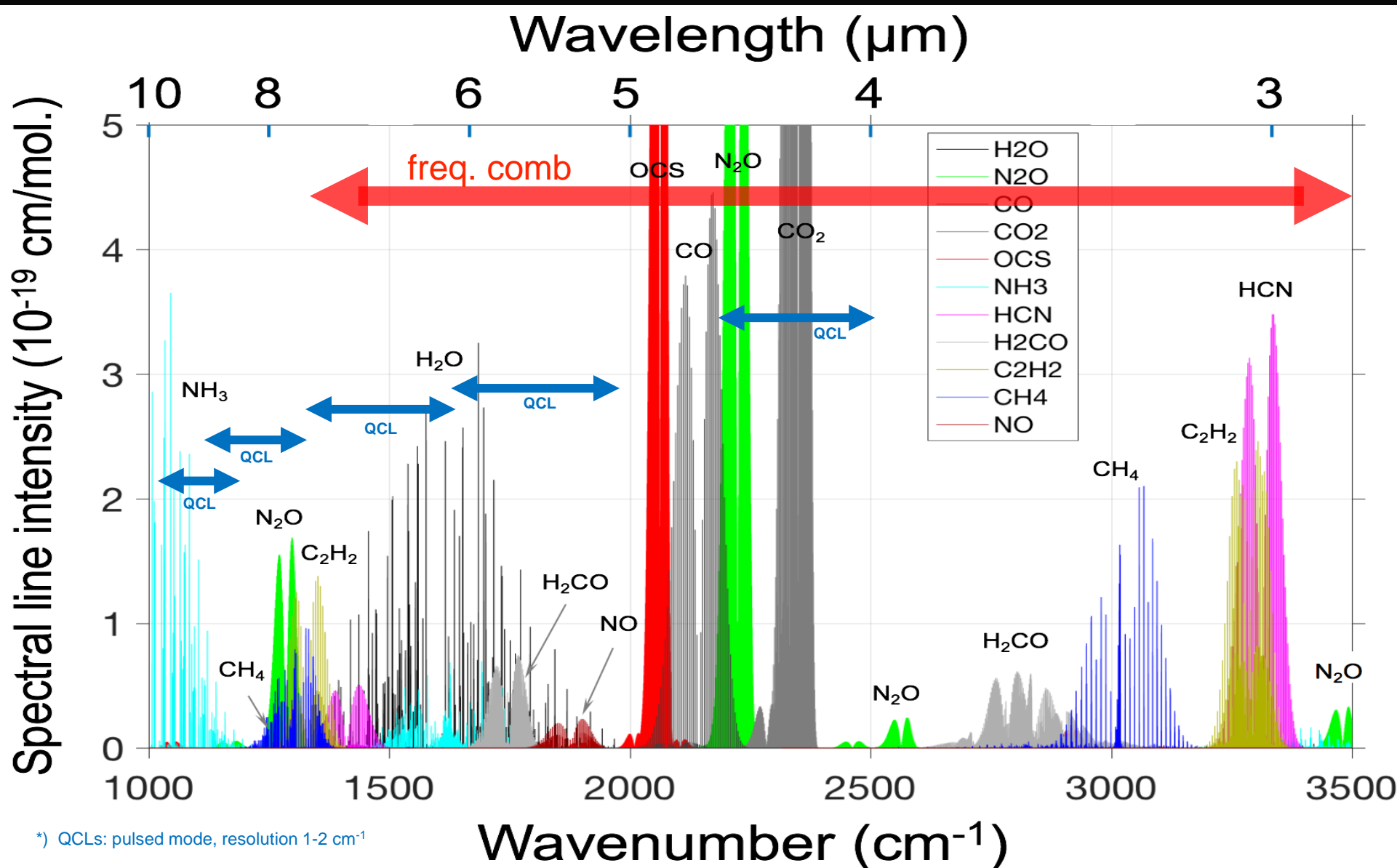


Coherence properties of a Tm pumped subharmonic OPO



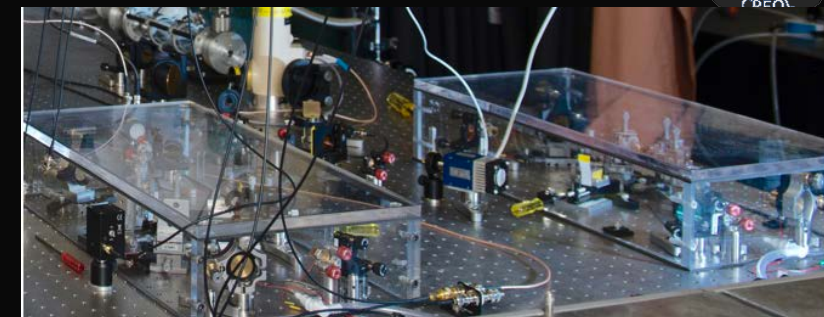
Spectral span, Tm-fiber pumped subharmonic GaAs OPO



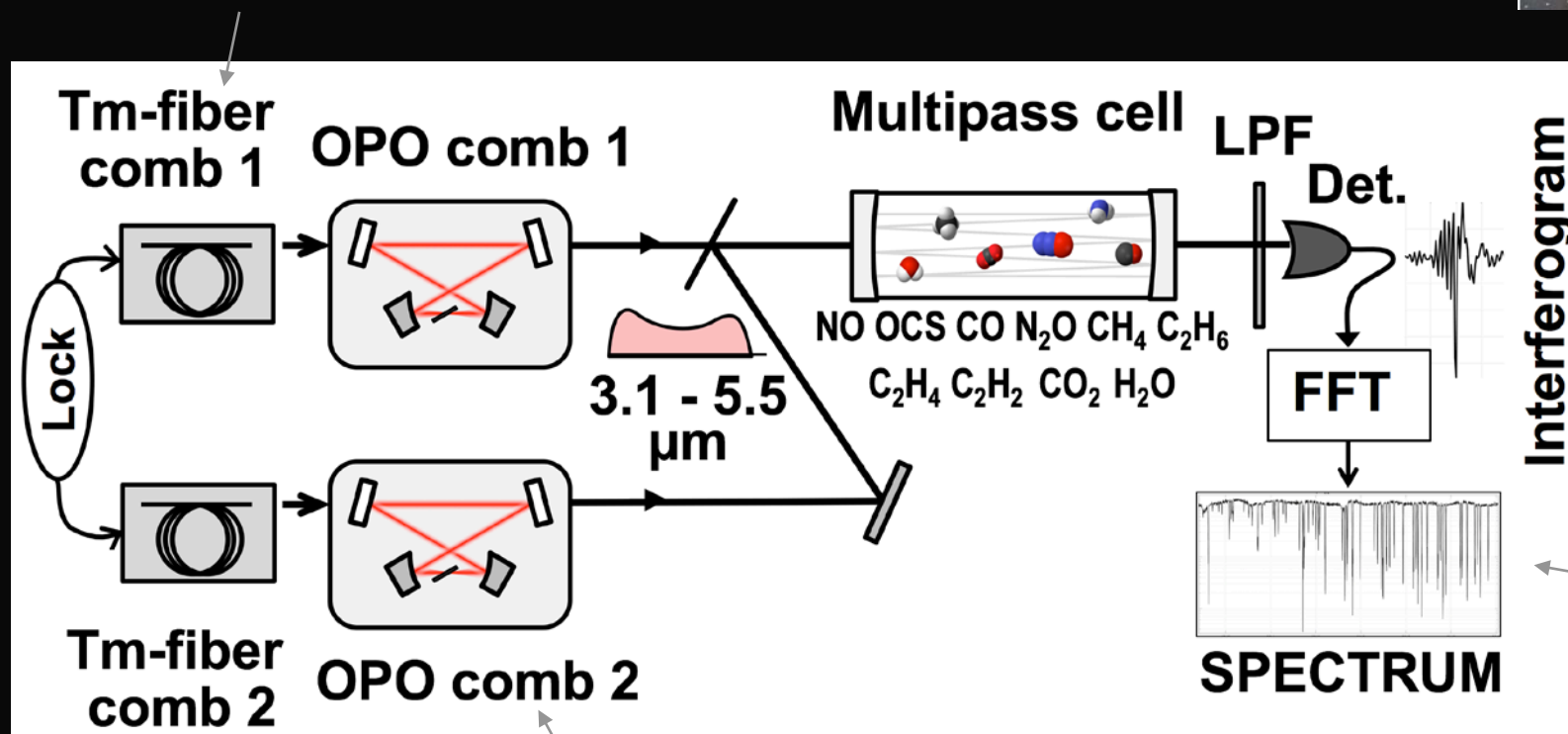


*) QCLs: pulsed mode, resolution 1-2 cm^{-1}

Dual-comb spectroscopic system

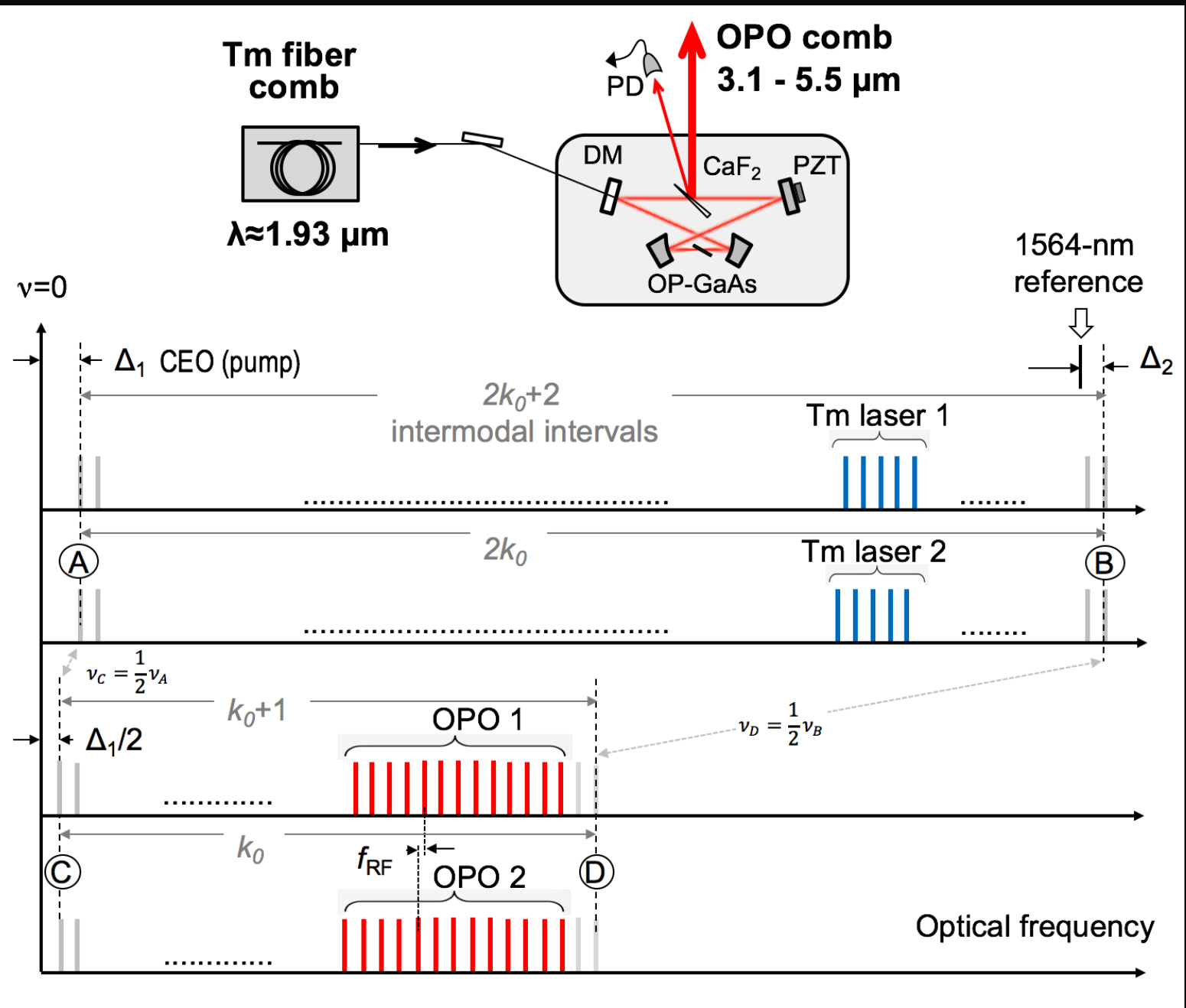


A pair of mutually coherent Tm-fiber combs ($\lambda \approx 2 \mu\text{m}$) with slightly different mode spacing are f_{ceo} locked and referenced to the same CW laser

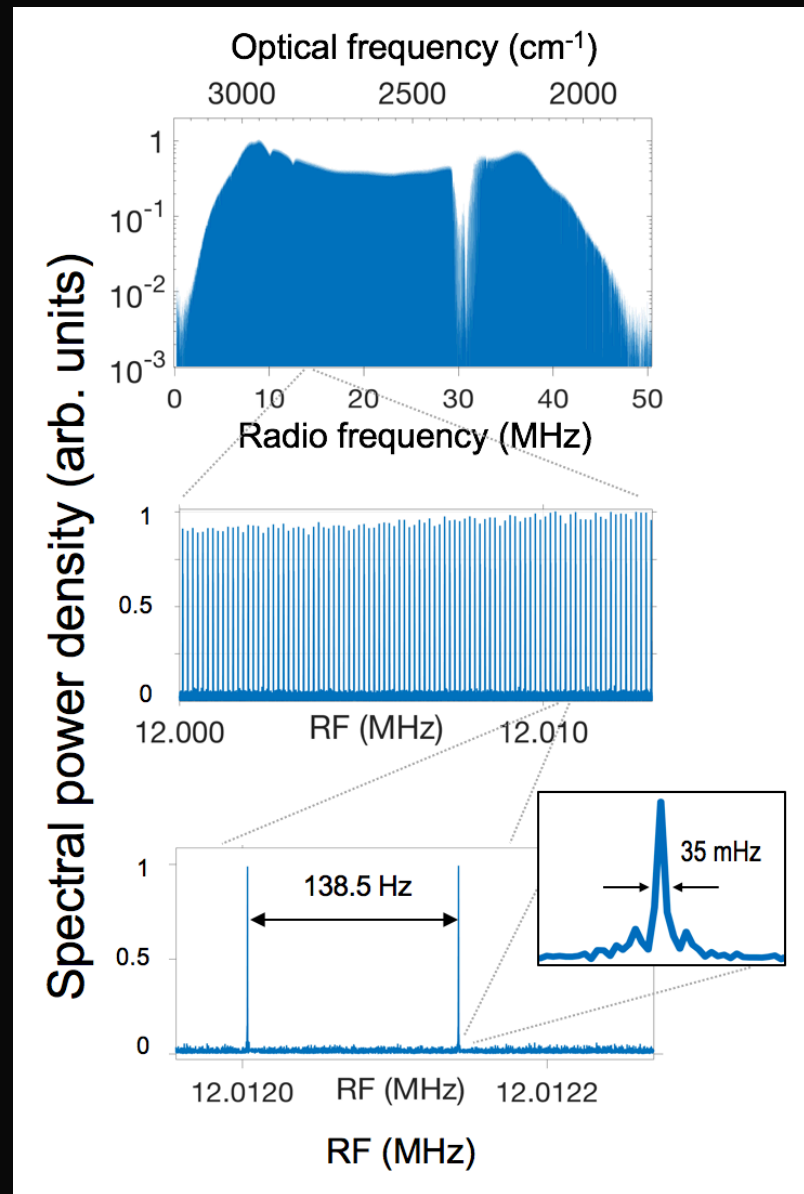
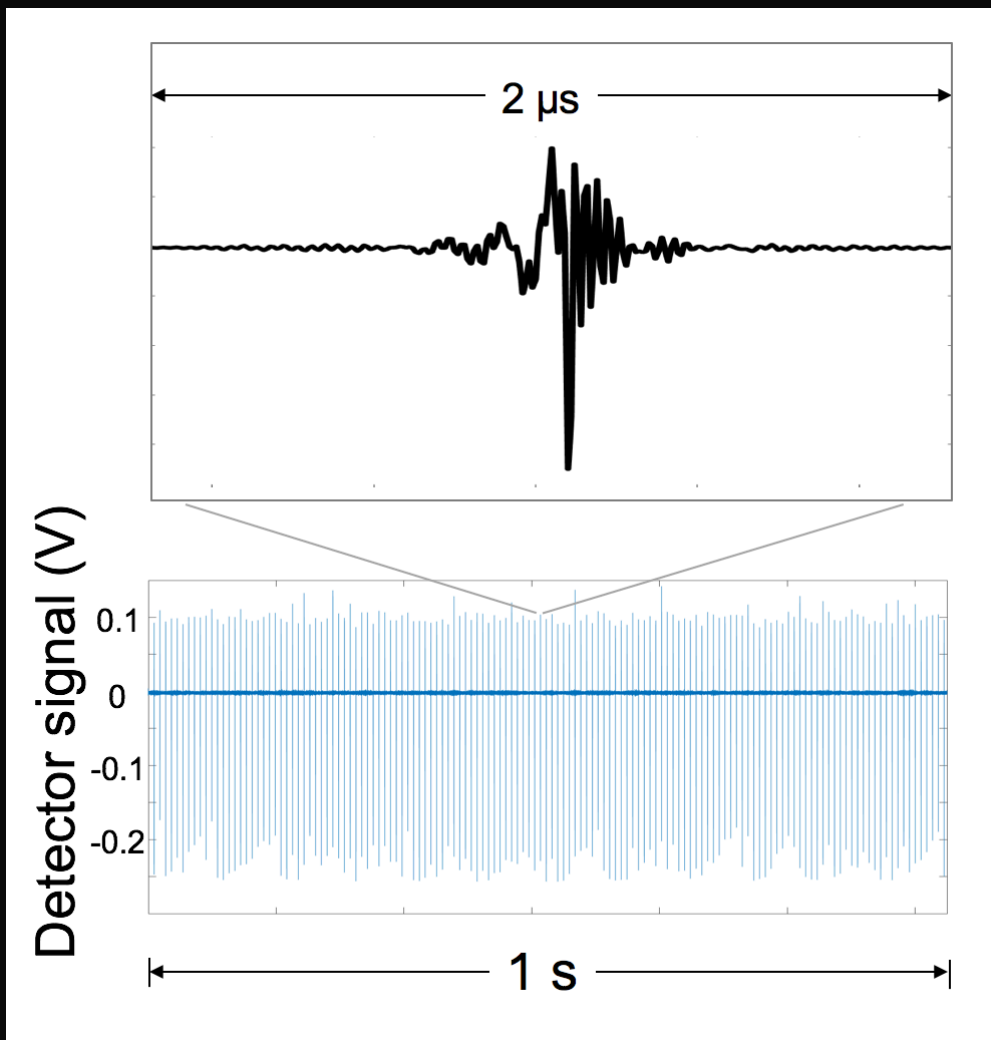


Two subharmonic OPOs are phase and frequency locked to the pump lasers; the mutual coherence time between the two OPOs is **40 sec**.

The optical spectra were referenced to radio frequencies only: the frequency counters for measuring f_{rep} and Δf_{rep} , the frequency synthesizers that generated offsets for Tm-fibre combs, and the clock of the A/D card – were all stabilized against **Rb-clock**.

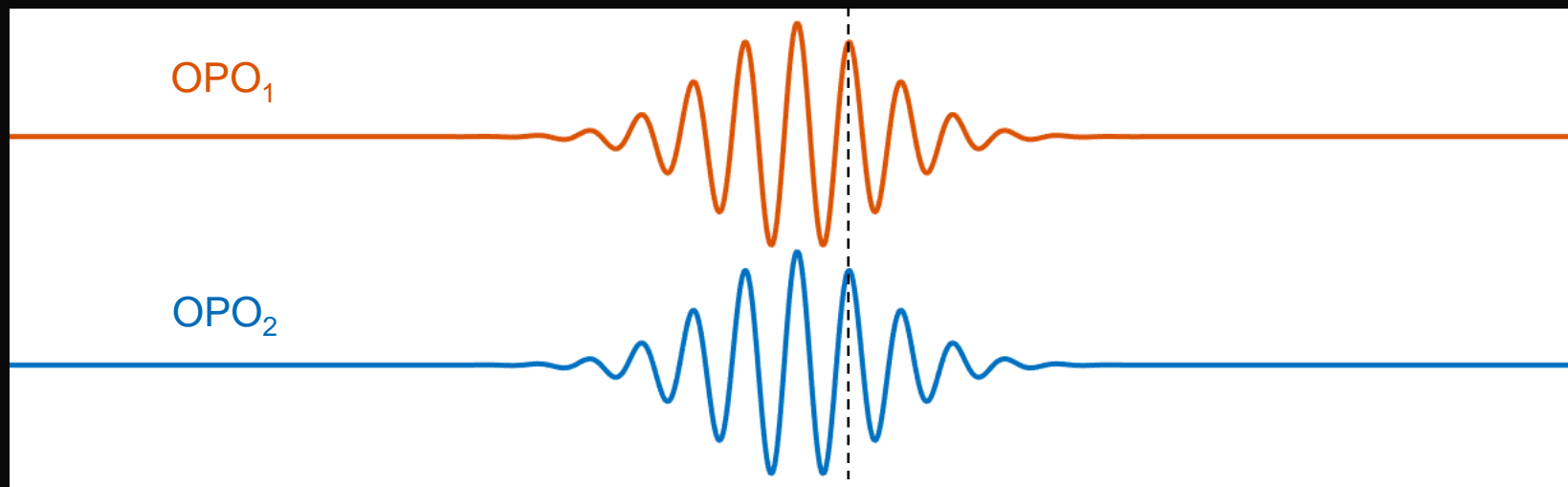


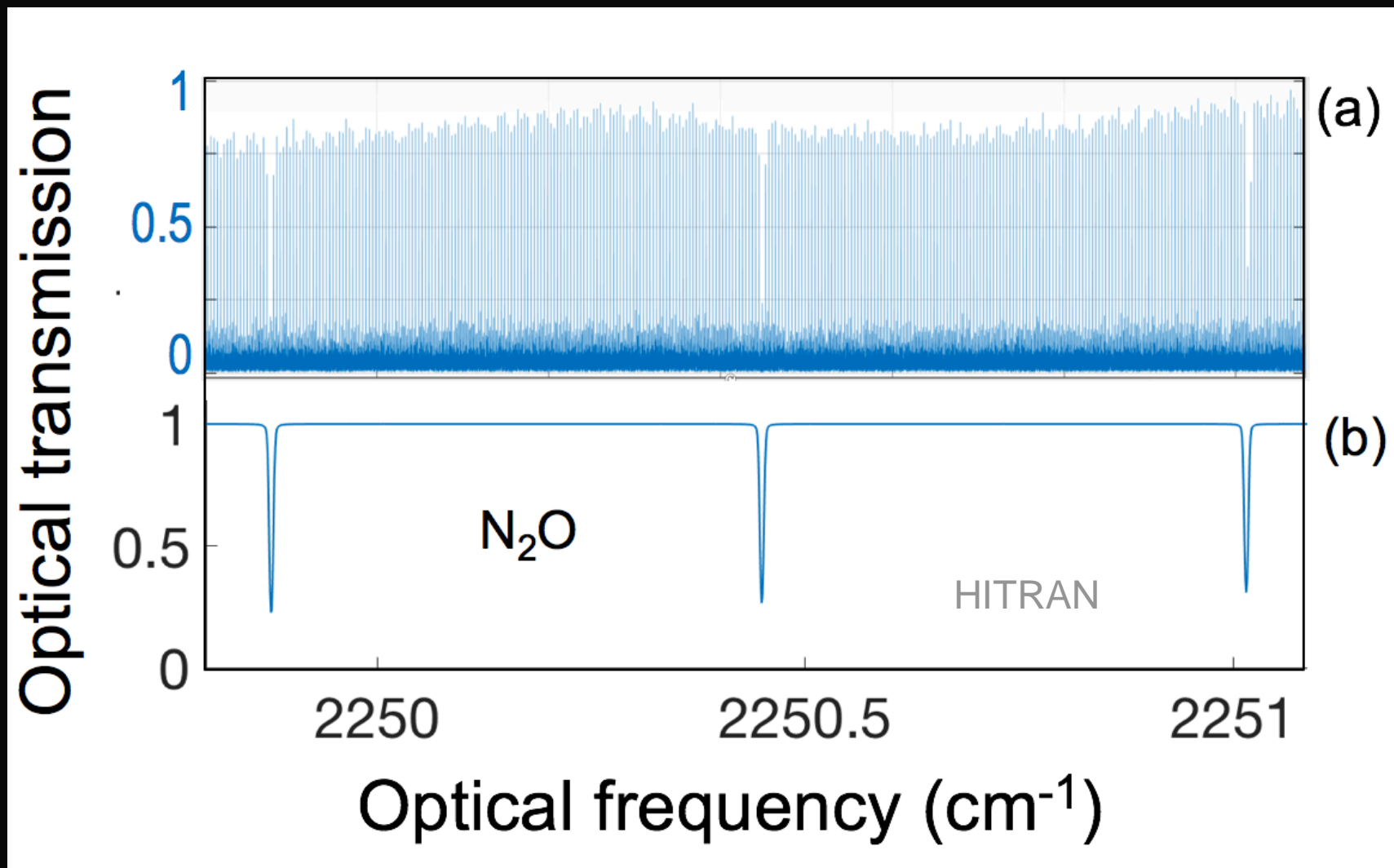
We can resolve all 350,000 modes with the finesse of 4,000

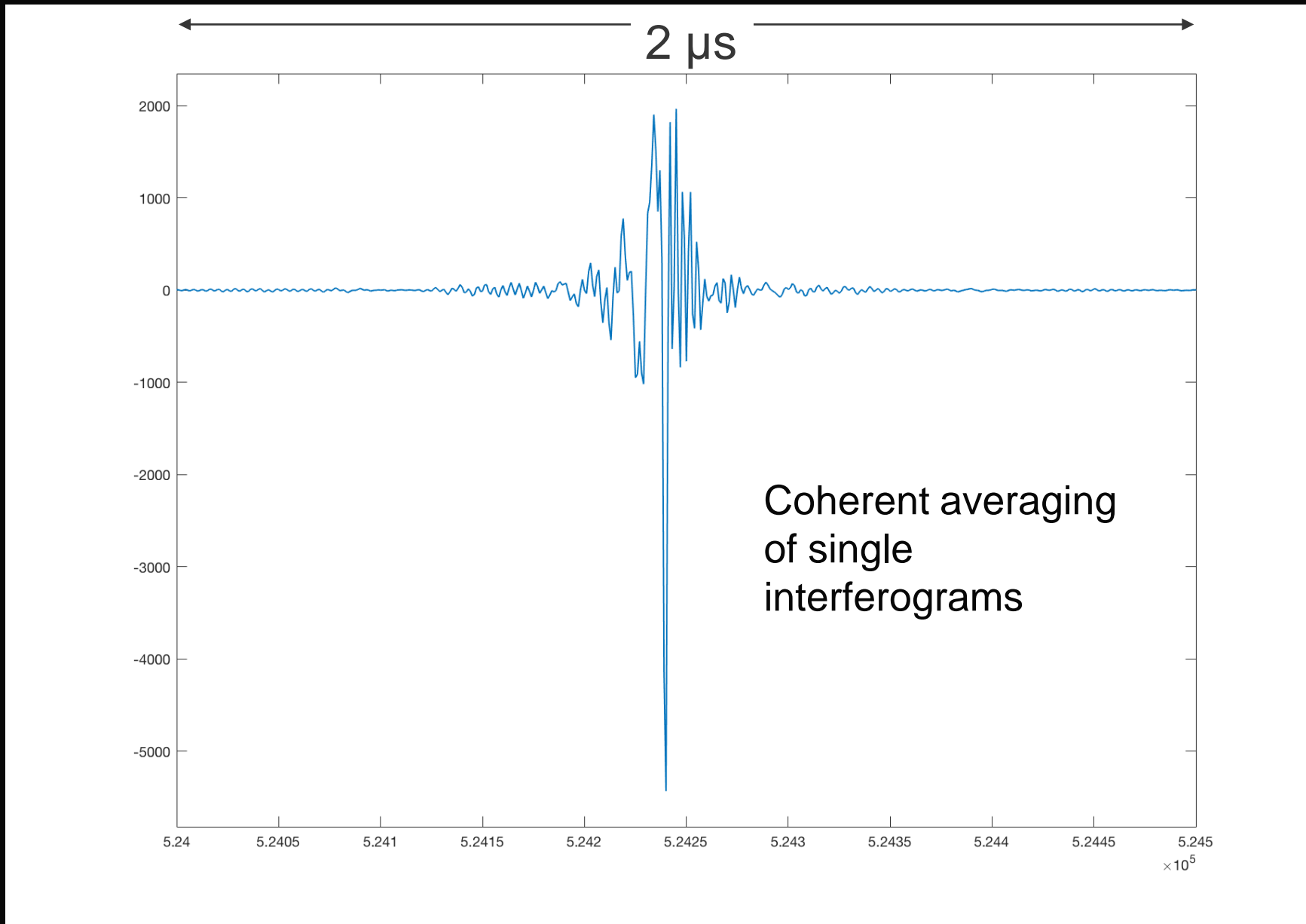


Mutual coherence 40 sec

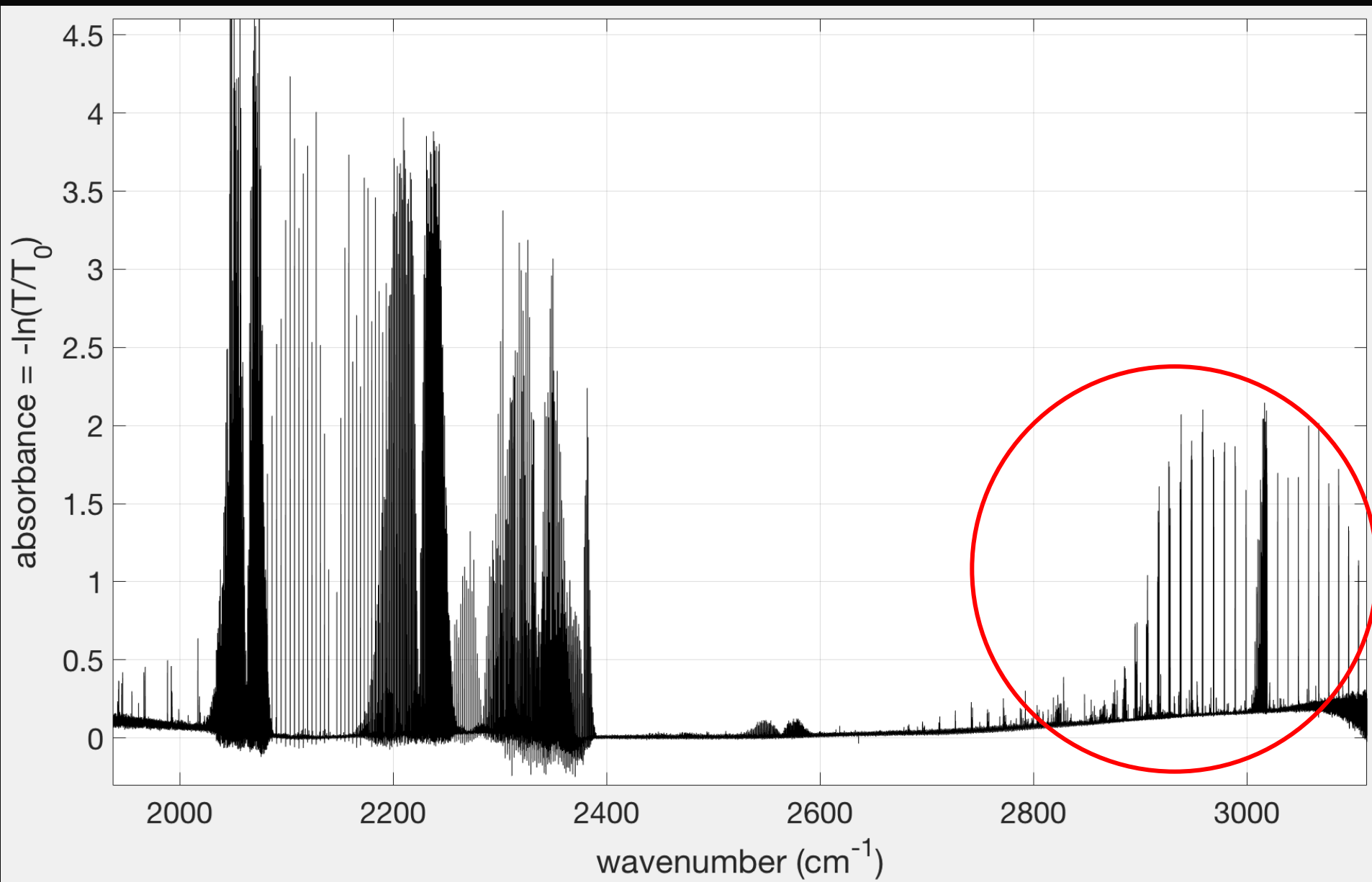
The moon is about 1.3 light-seconds away from the Earth.
40 sec is about 30 distances to the moon

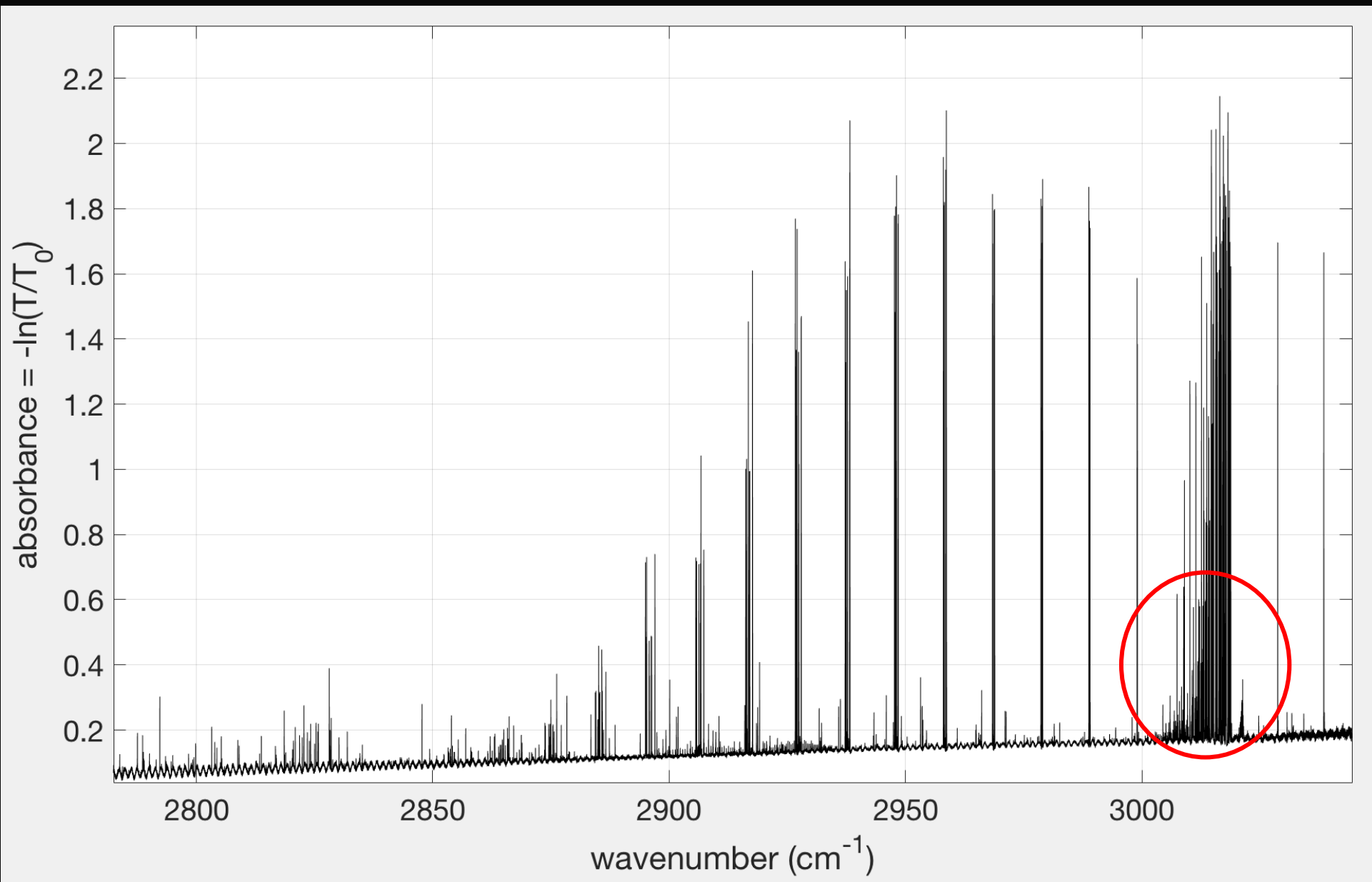


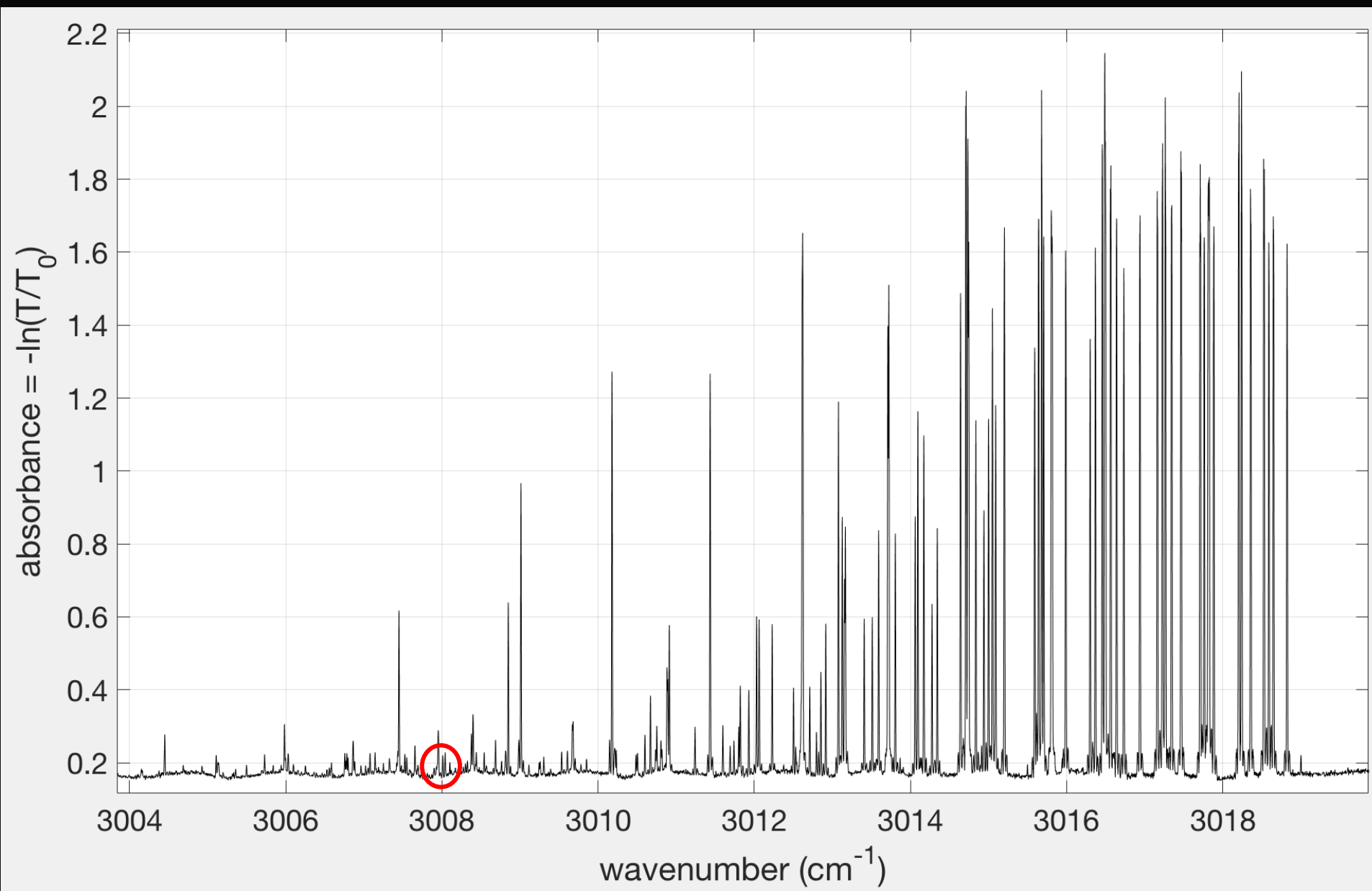


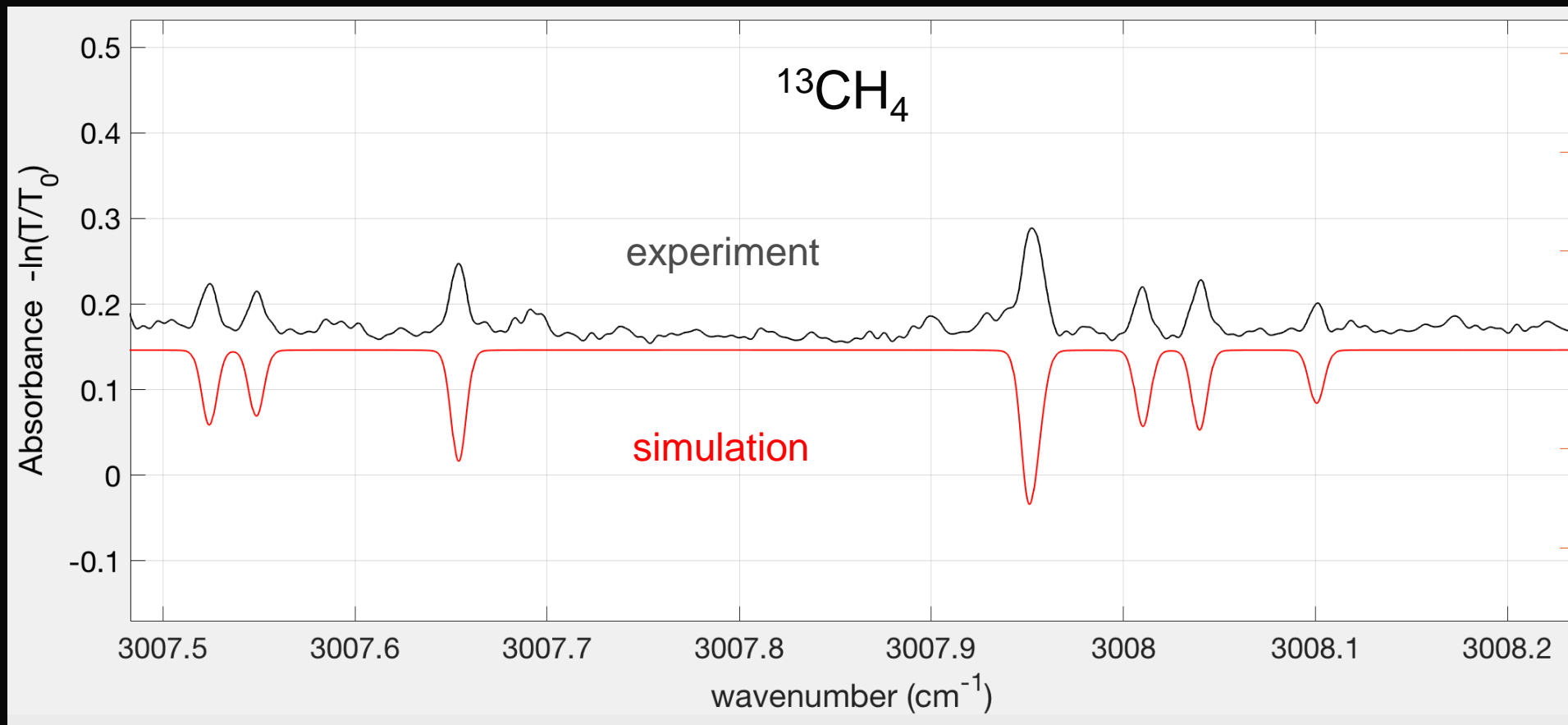


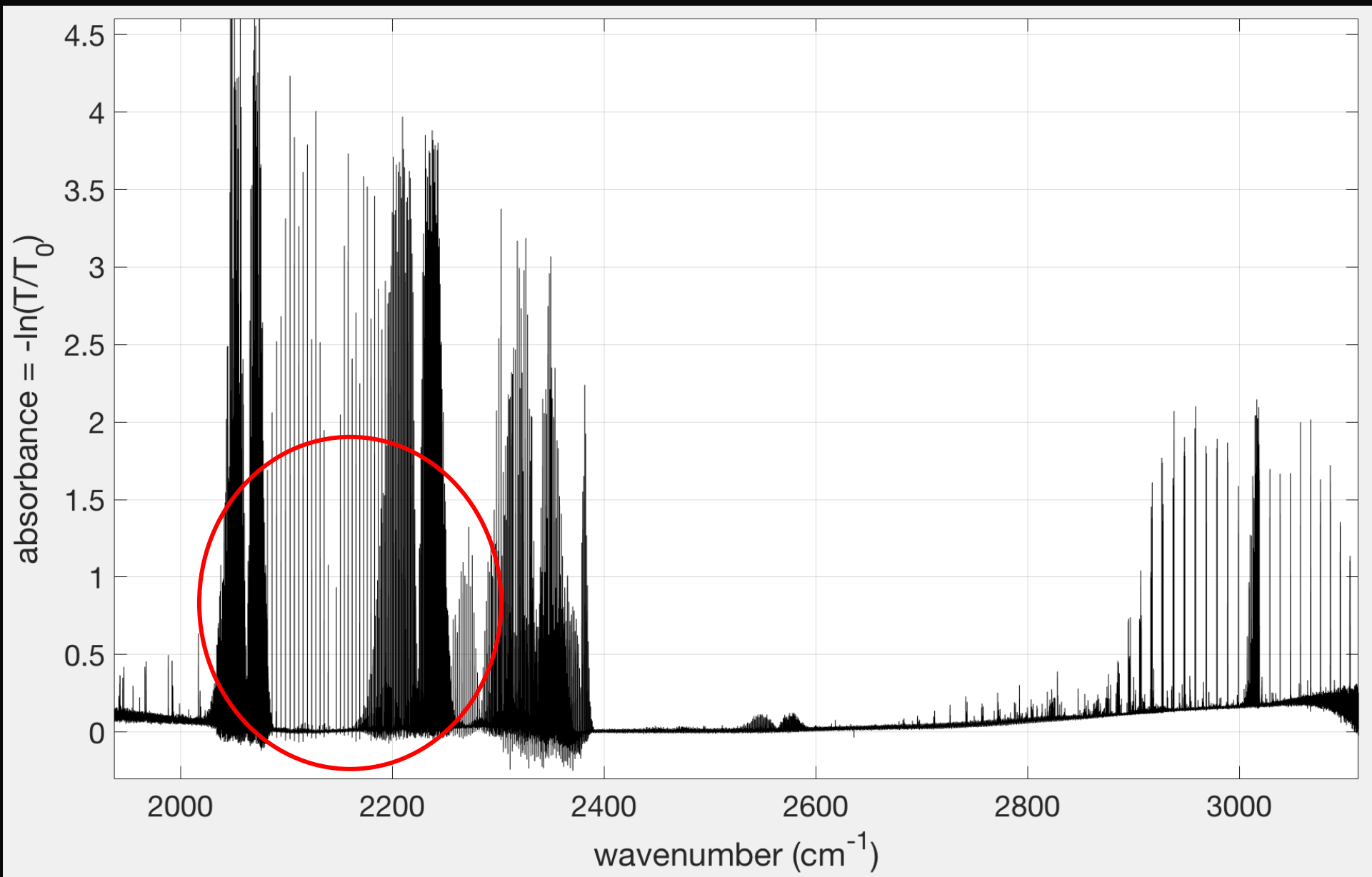
Normalized spectrum after taking Fourier transform

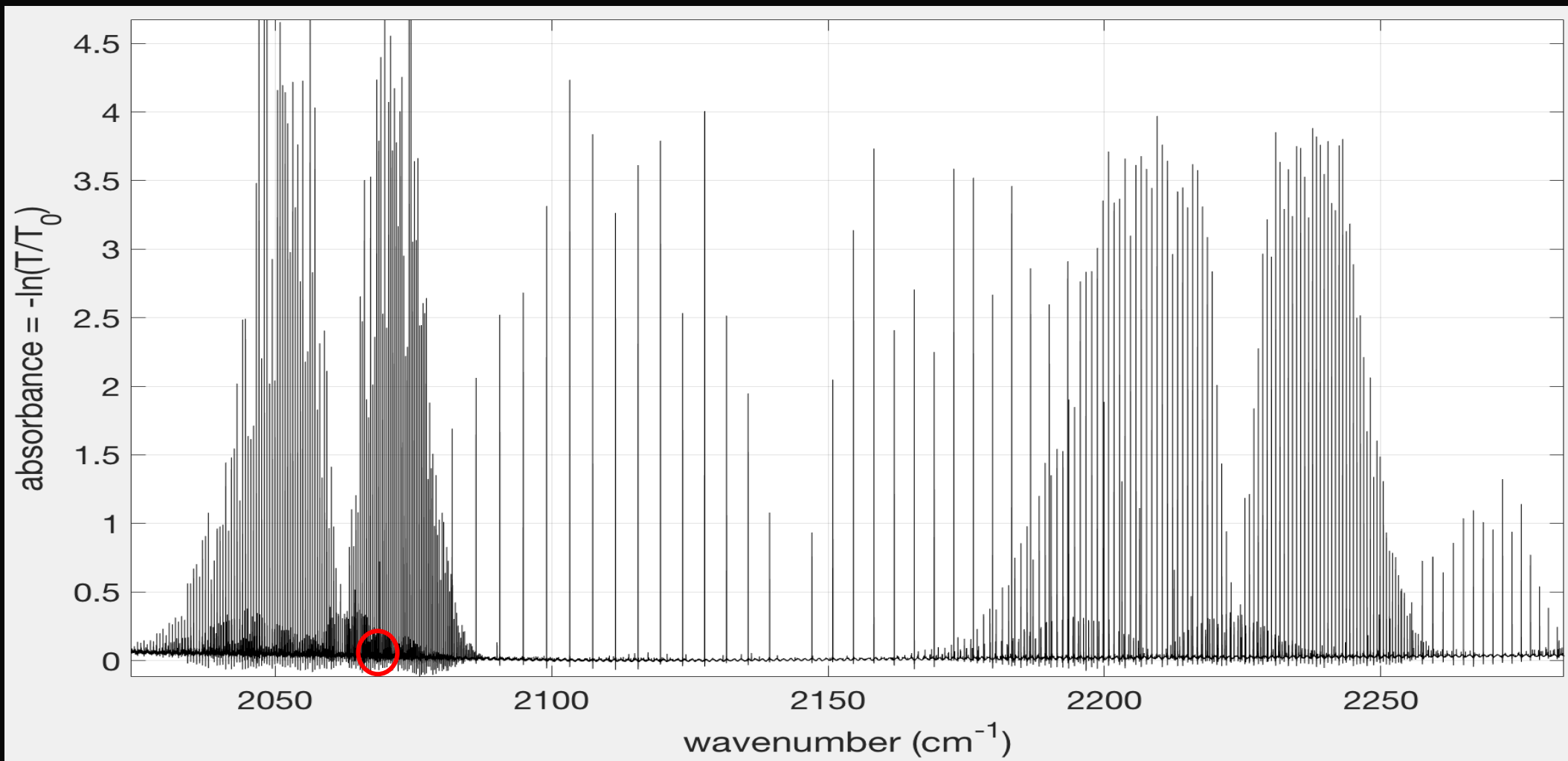


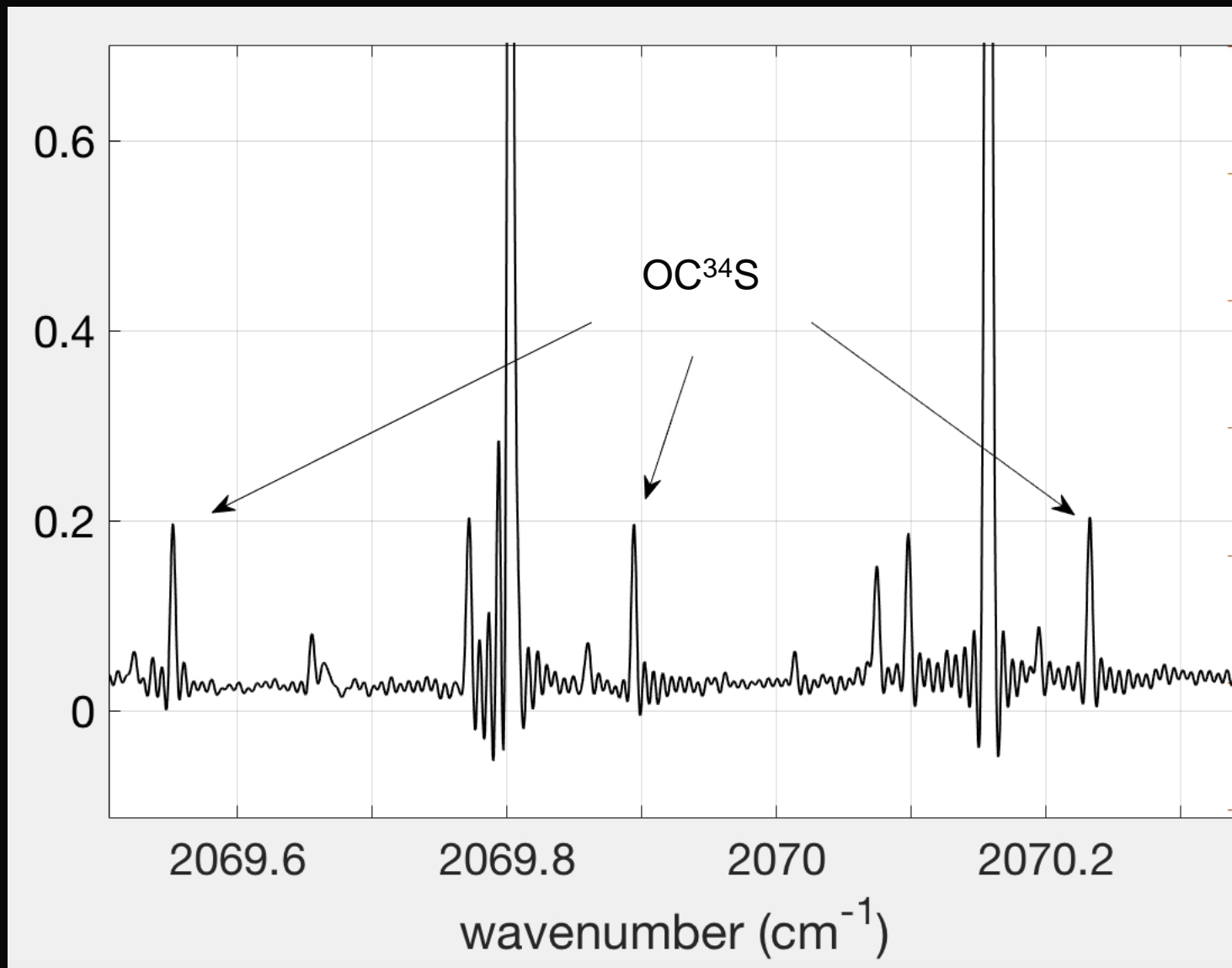




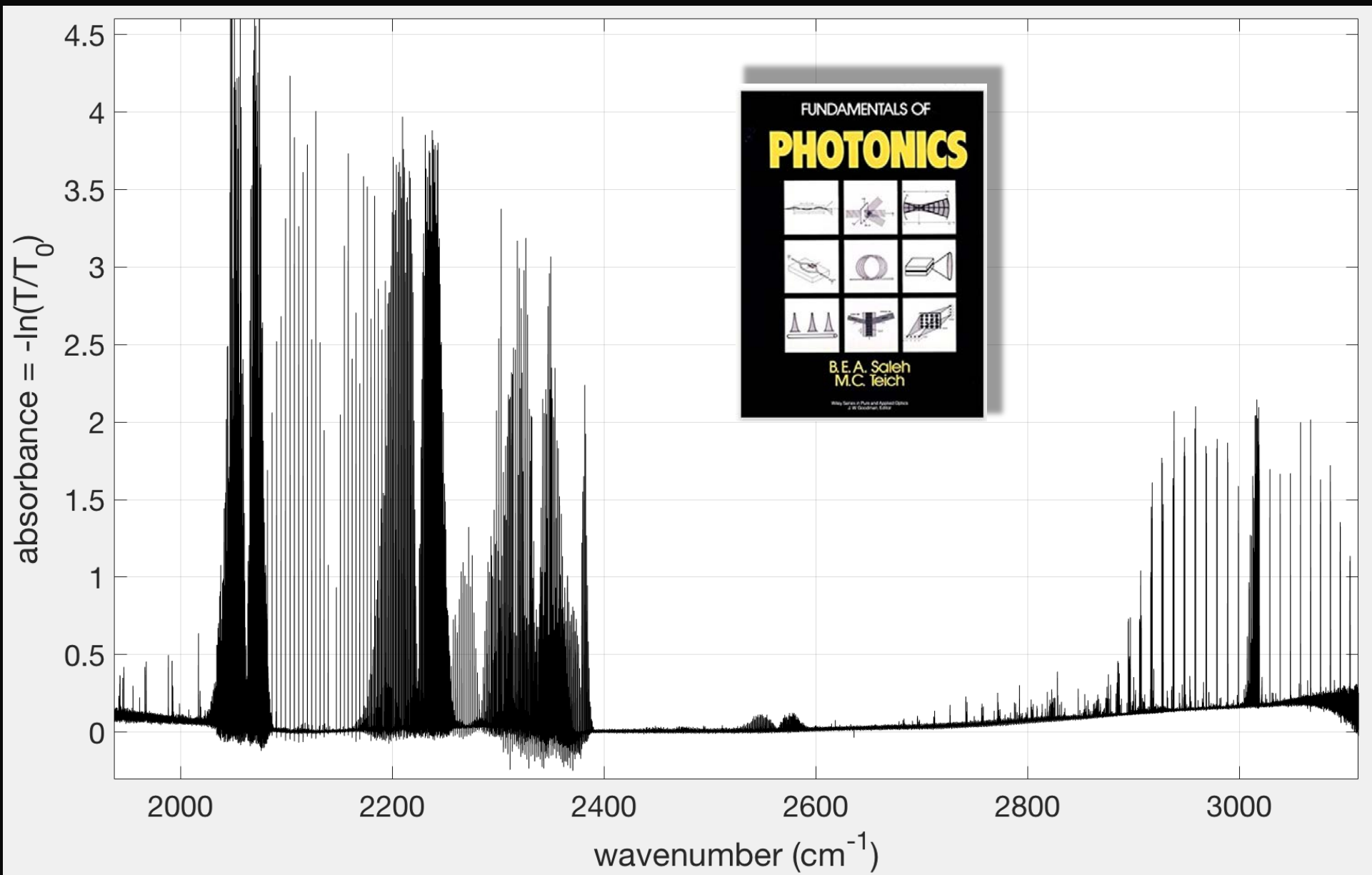




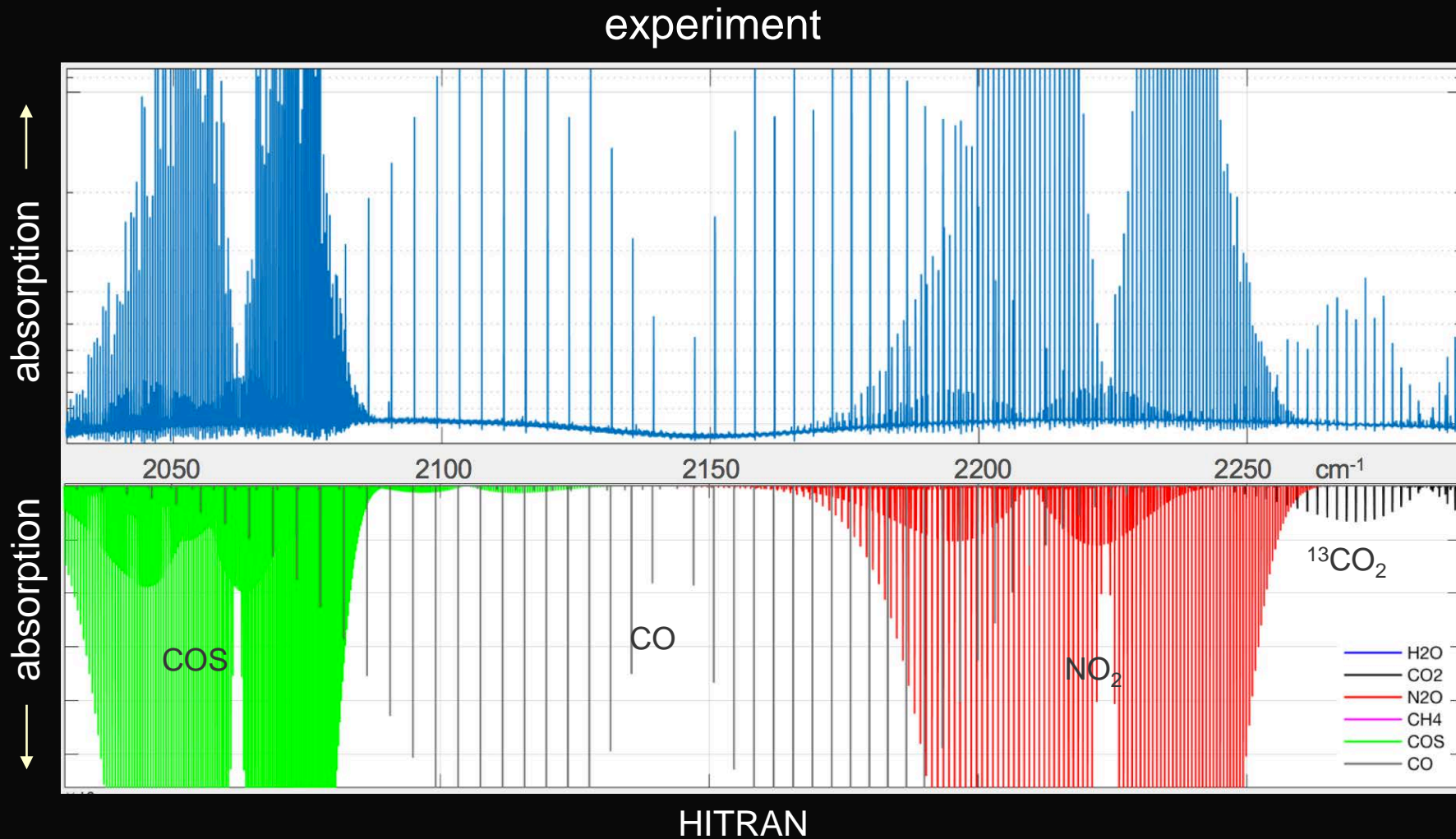




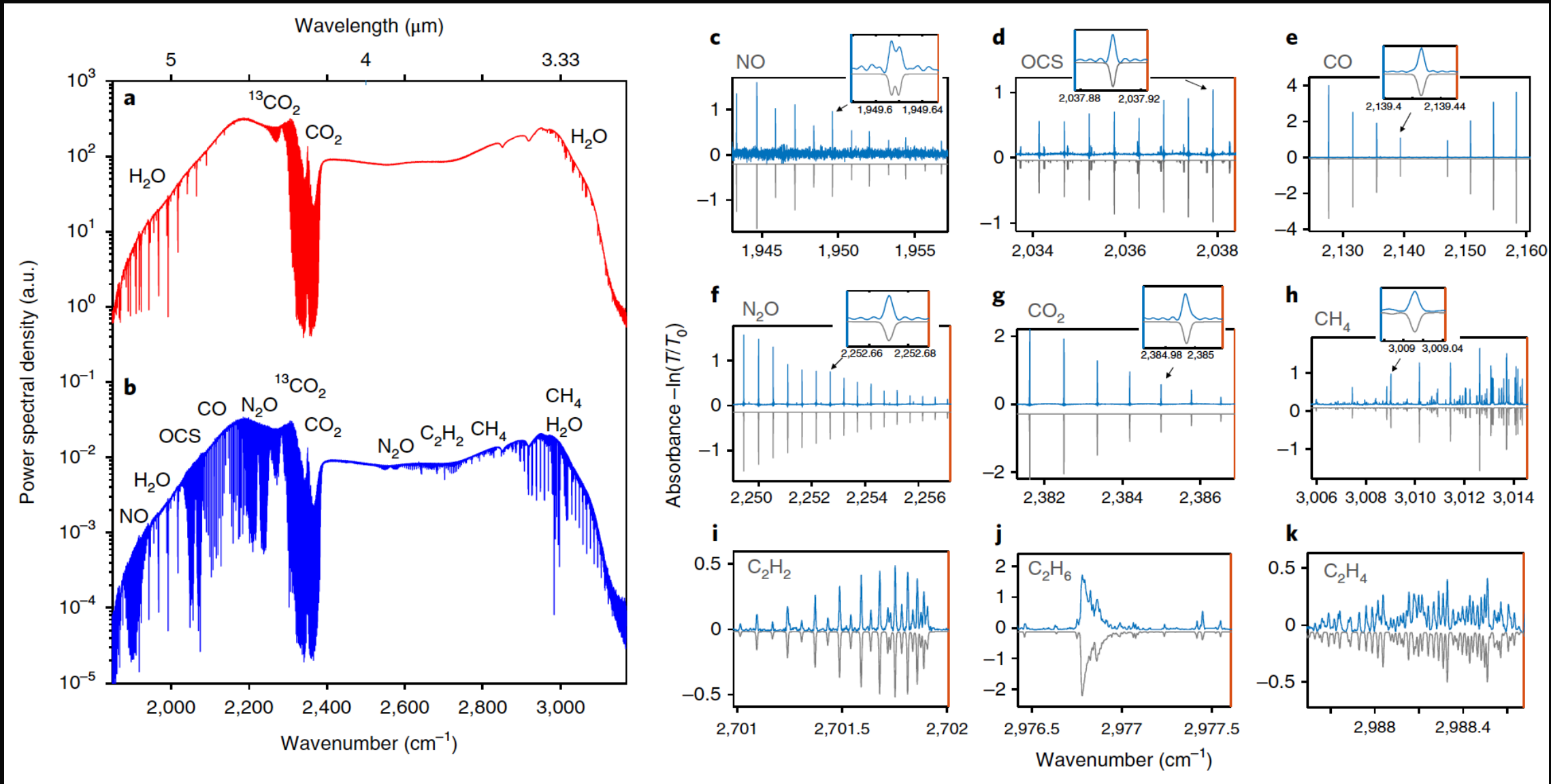
The amount of information obtained in ~1 sec is equivalent to a thick book

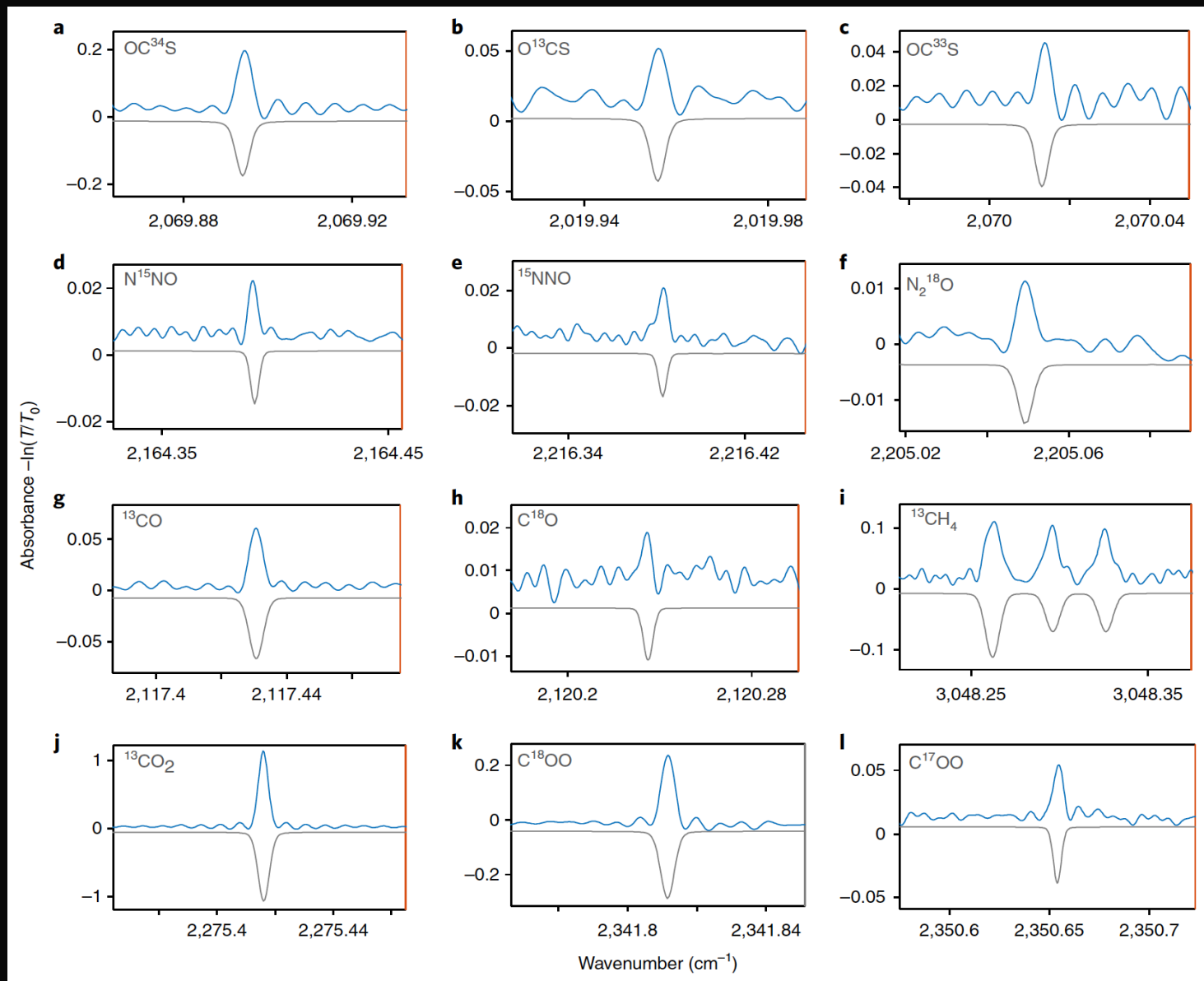


Experiment vs. theory (HITRAN)

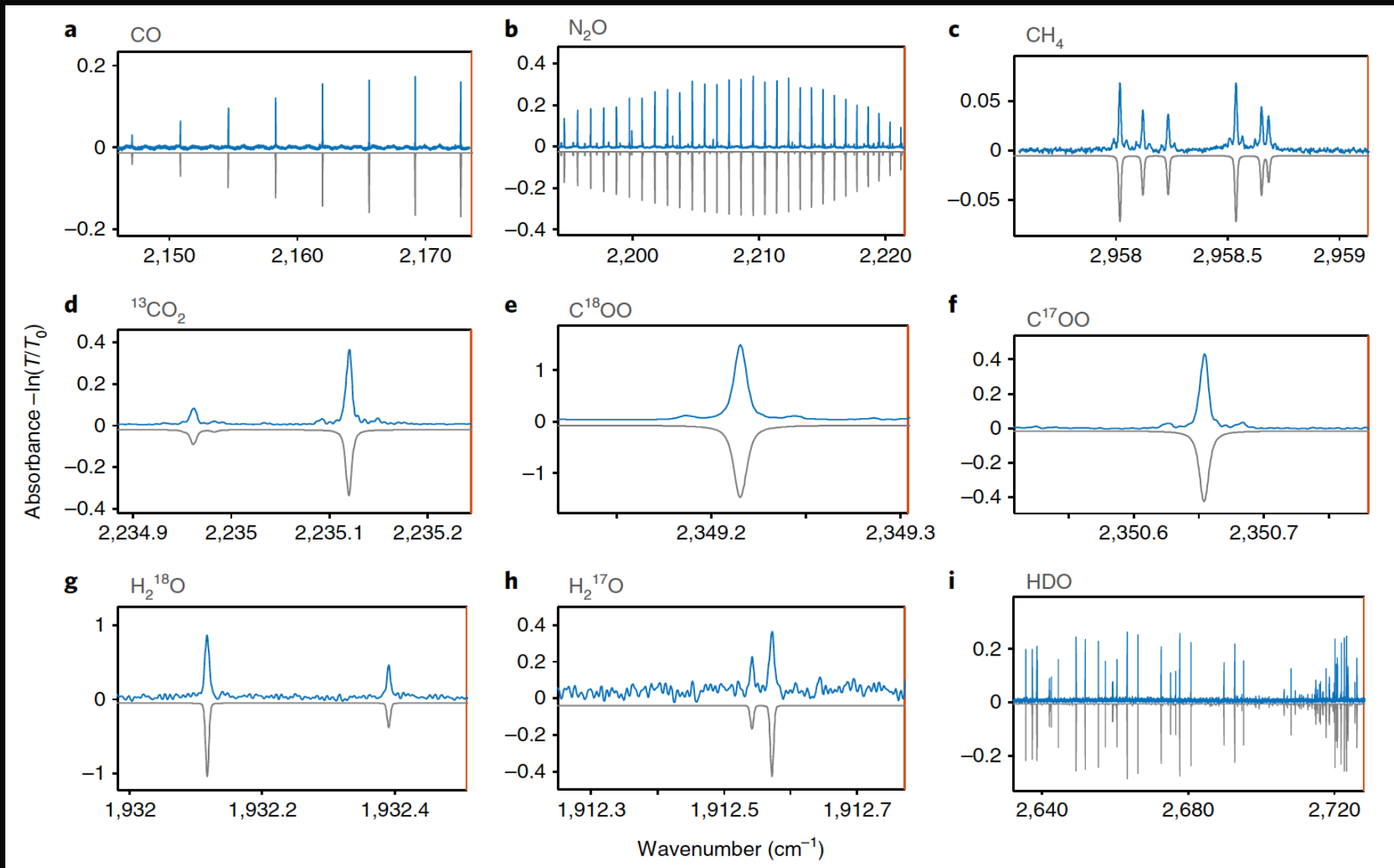


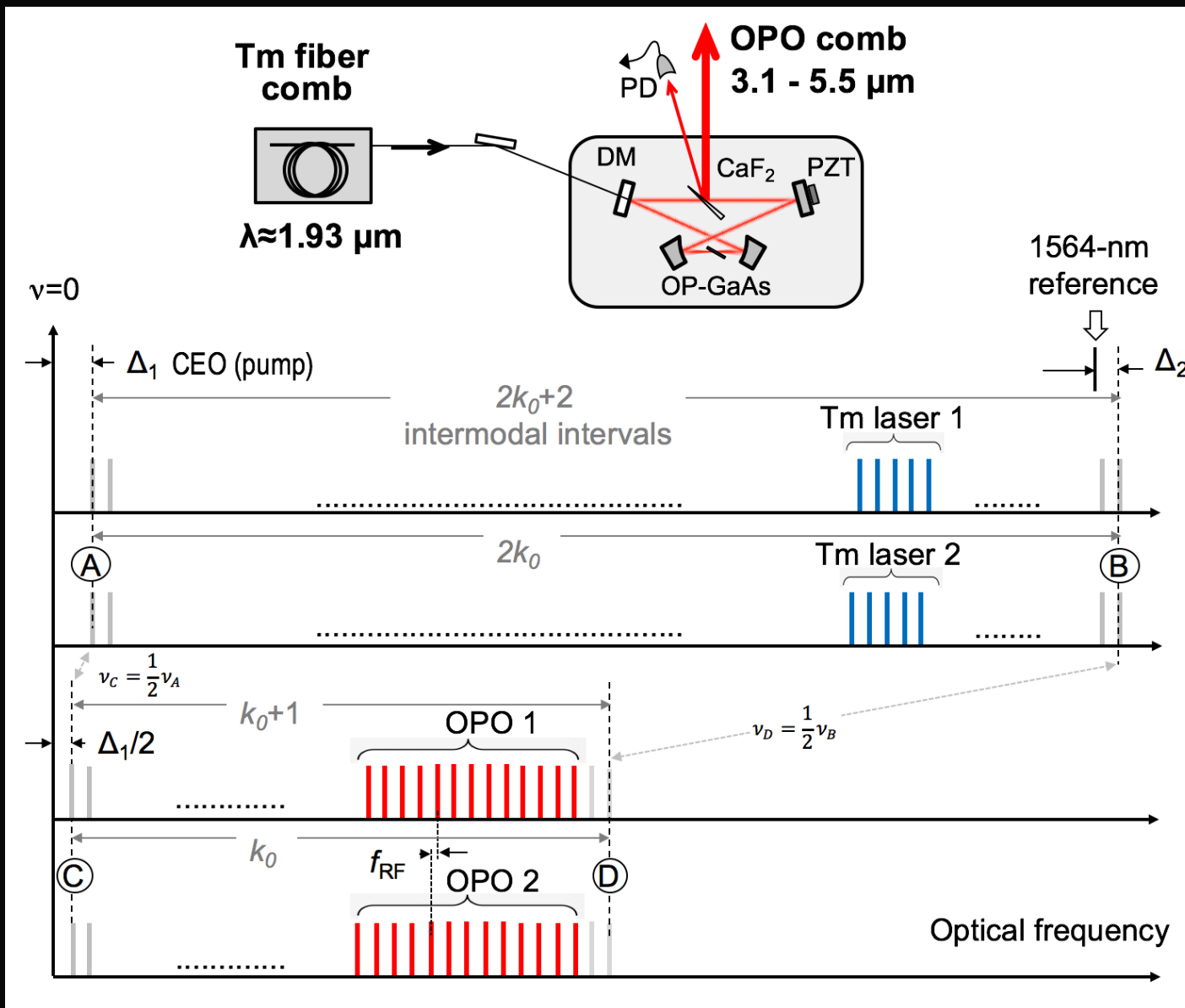
Dual-comb spectra of a mixture of gases at 3 mbar

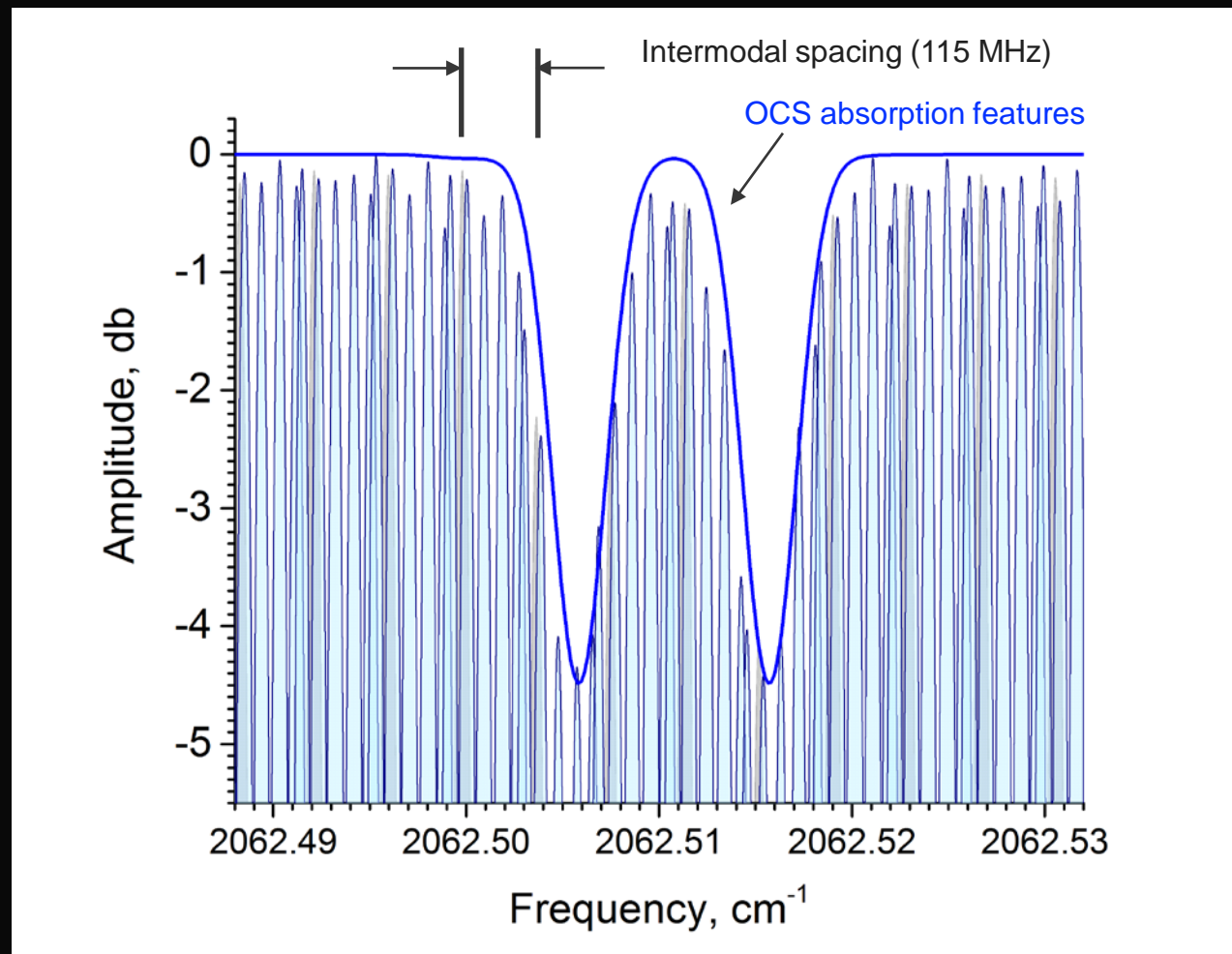




Spectra of trace molecules in ambient air at 10 mbar







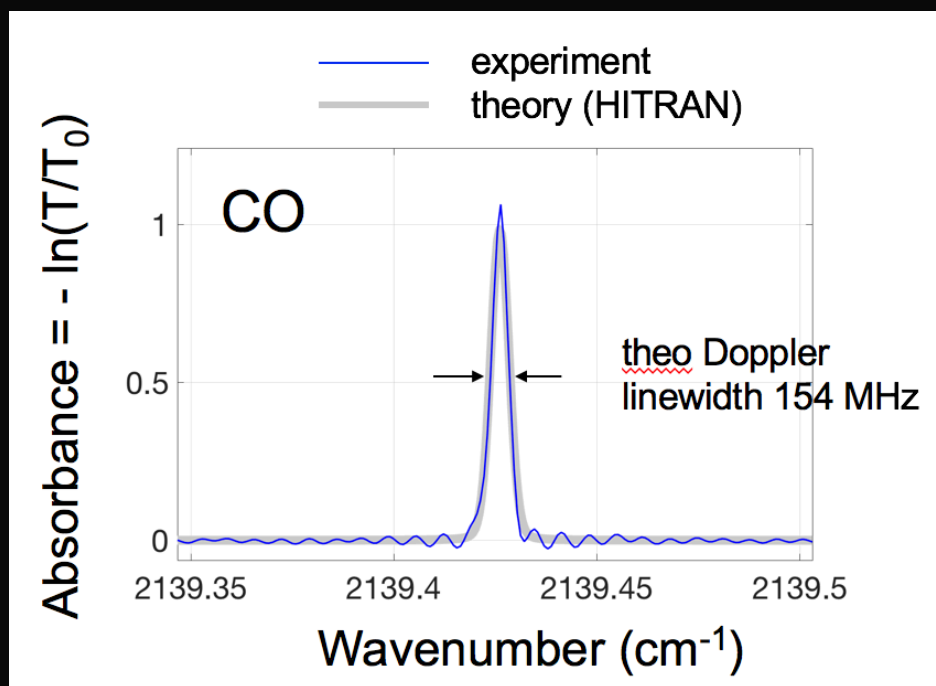
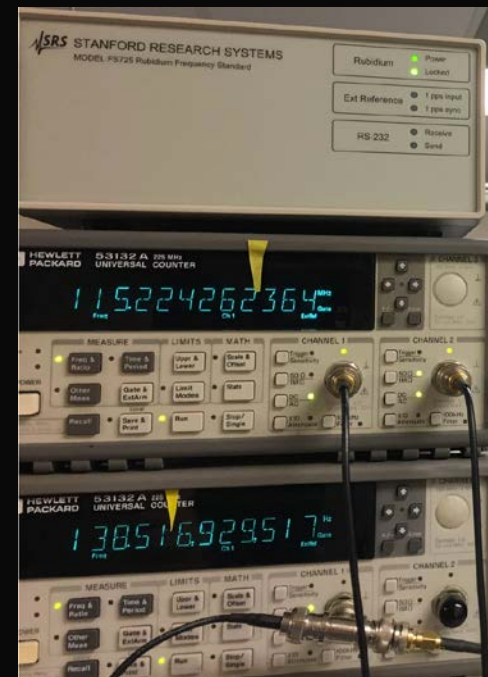
Tuning the frequency of the CW reference laser and thus shifting the combs allowed resolution below intermodal spacing (f_{rep})

Absolute frequency referencing

FS725 — 10 MHz Rb frequency standard
accuracy $\pm 5 \times 10^{-11}$

This converts to 4 kHz absolute referencing

Frequency counters

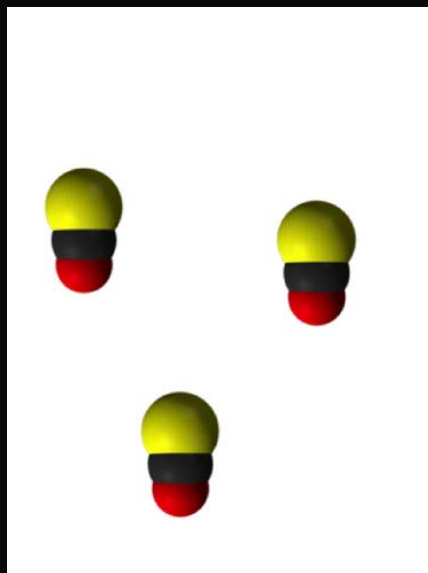
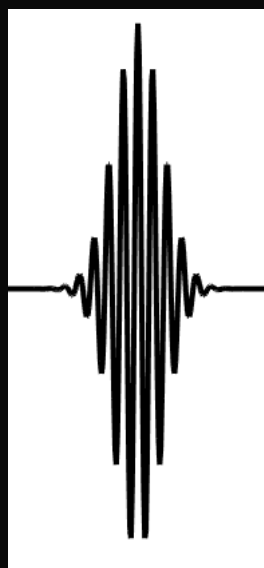


The angular momentum of molecules is quantized:

$$I\omega = J\hbar$$

I - momentum of inertia

$J = 0, 1, 2, \dots$



Hence the rotation speeds are quantized; the molecules periodically rephase (every $T=2\pi/\Delta\omega$) to generate additional pulses of coherently forward-scattered light called commensurate echoes.

Free induction decay of molecules

The angular momentum of molecules is quantized:

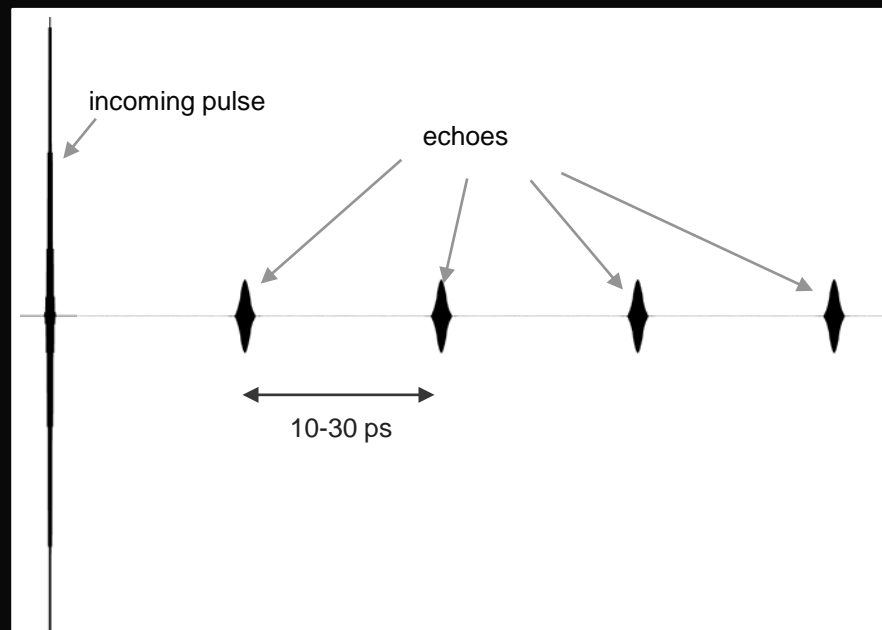
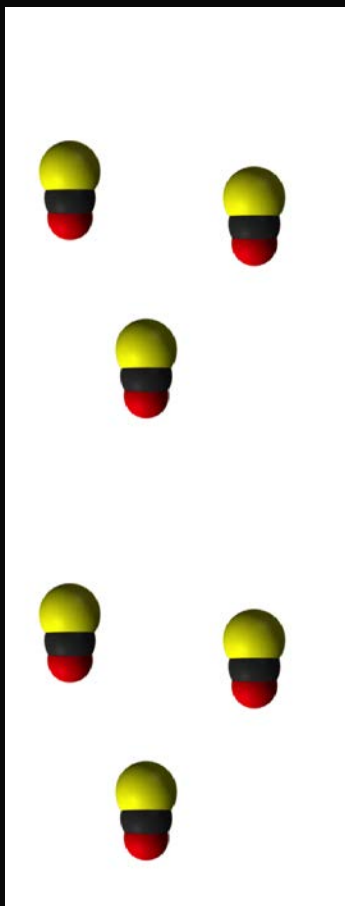
$$I\omega = J\hbar$$

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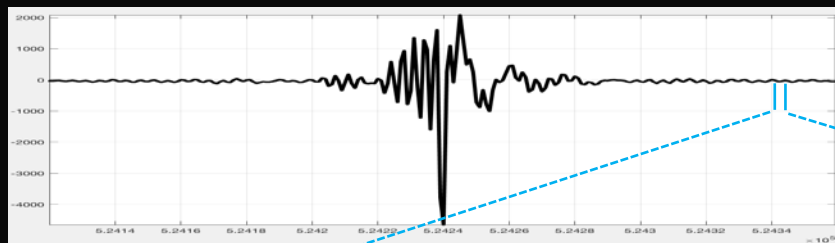
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Hence the rotation speeds are quantized; the molecules periodically rephase (every $T = 2\pi/\Delta\omega$) to generate additional pulses of coherently forward-scattered light called commensurate echoes.

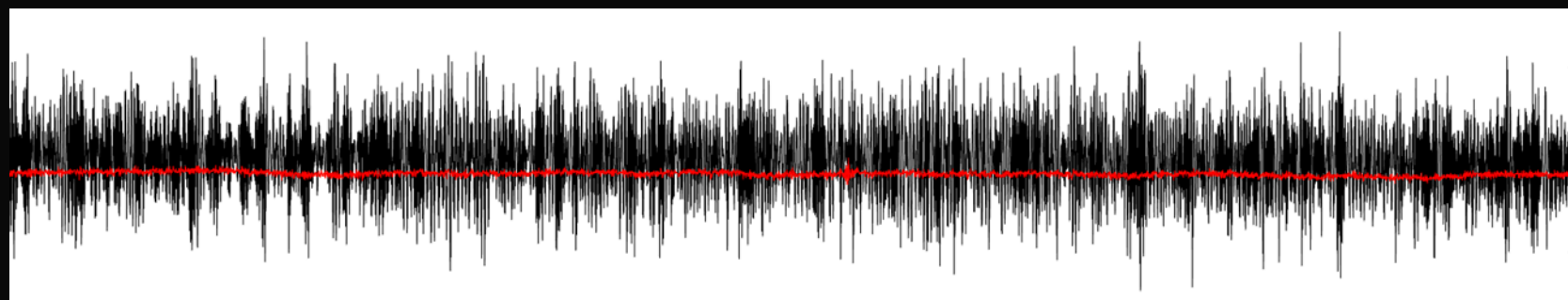
Each type of molecules emits a train of subpicosecond pulses



Hearing the molecules



Molecules:
CH₄ N₂O CO OCS
NO CO₂ H₂O



← 75 ps →



mixture of molecules



vacuum

Molecular vibrations were slowed down by 25 billion times (2.5×10^{10})



Towards two-octave-wide span: Cr:ZnS - pumped OP-GaAs system

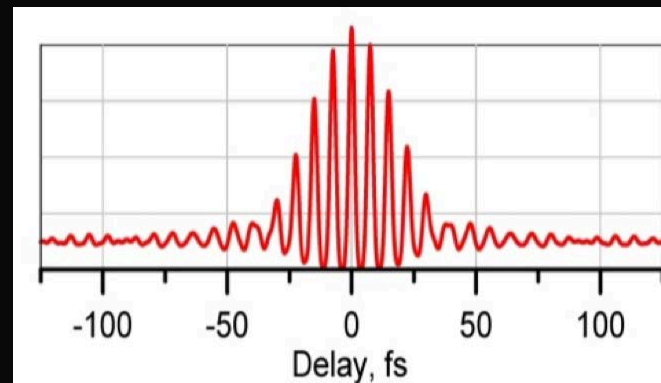
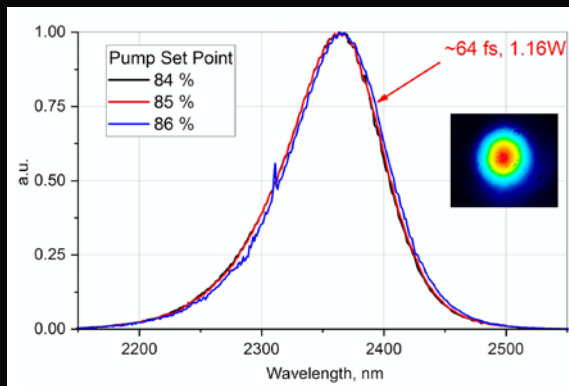
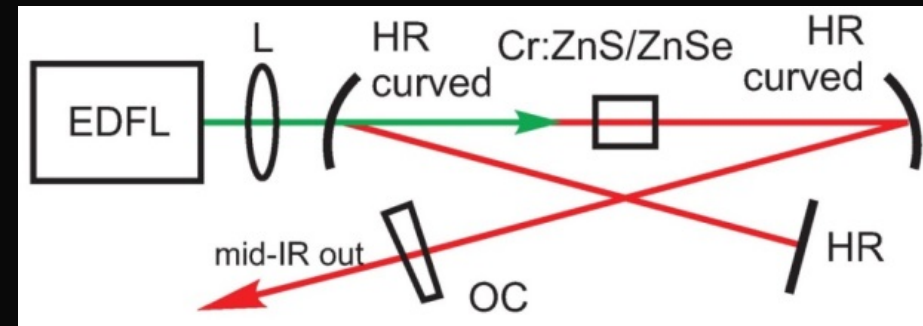
5054 Vol. 40, No. 21 / November 1 2015 / Optics Letters **Letter**

Optics Letters

Three optical cycle mid-IR Kerr-lens mode-locked polycrystalline Cr²⁺:ZnS laser

SERGEY VASILYEV,^{1,*} IGOR MOSKALEV,¹ MIKE MIROV,¹ SERGEY MIROV,^{1,3} AND VALENTIN GAPONTSEV²

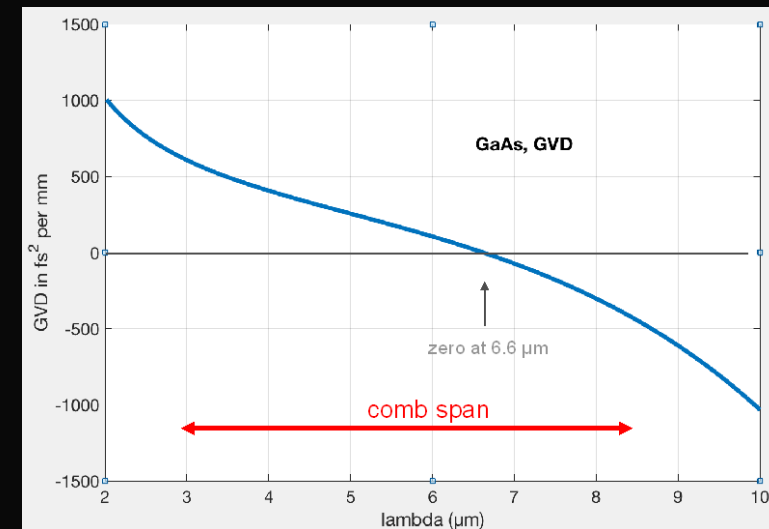
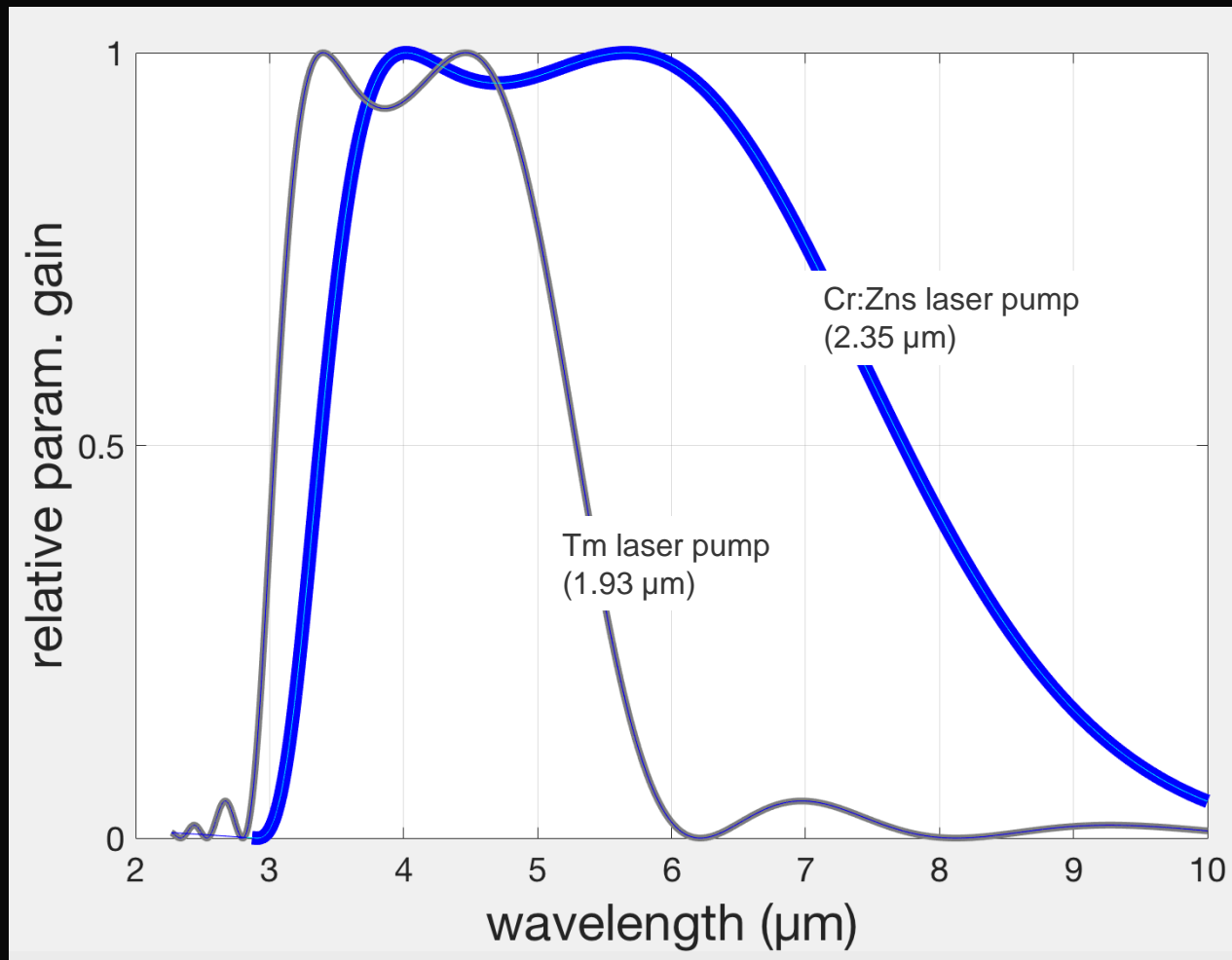
¹IPG Photonics-Mid-Infrared Lasers, 1500 1st Ave. N, Birmingham, Alabama 35203, USA
²IPG Photonics Corporation, 50 Old Webster Rd, Oxford, Massachusetts 01540, USA
³Center for Optical Sensors and Spectroscopies, University of Alabama at Birmingham, 1530 3rd Avenue South, Birmingham, Alabama 35294, USA



“Ti:Sapphire of the mid-IR”

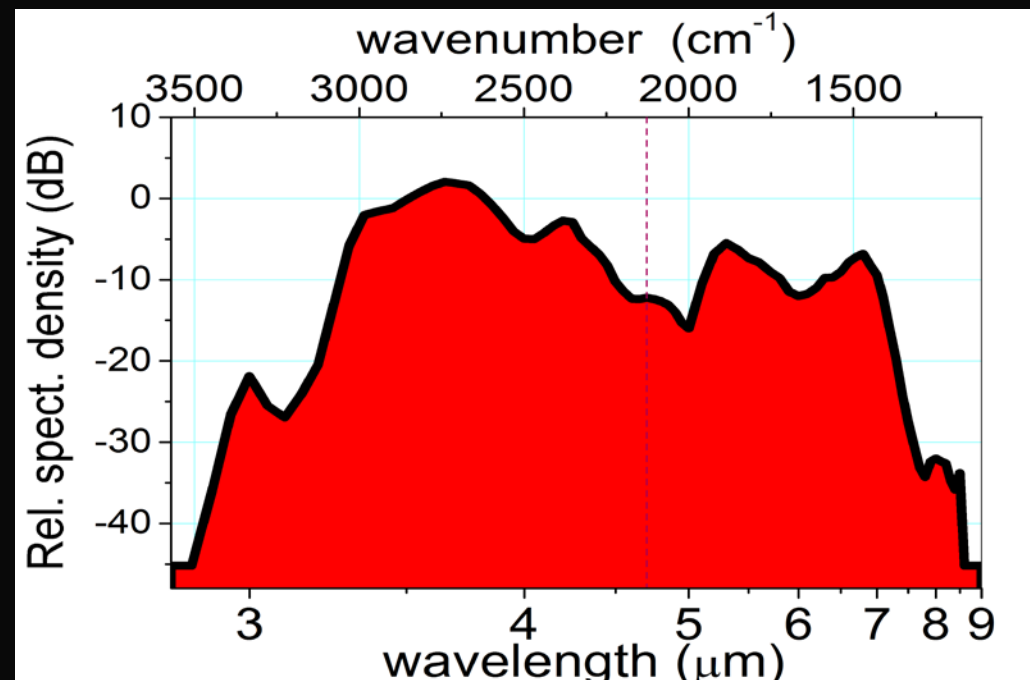
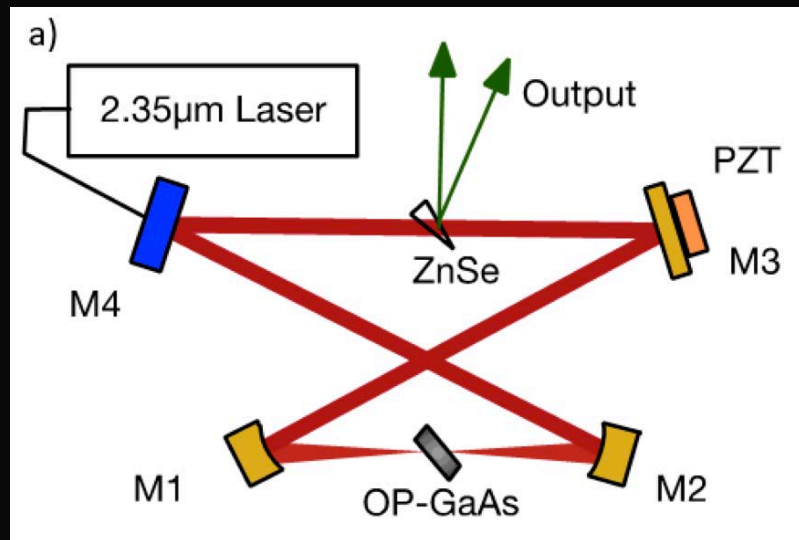
Broadband,
 High Kerr coefficient (3 times Ti:Sapph.)
 Convenient pumping: Er-fiber, Tm- fiber

Rep. rate: 80 MHz – 1.2 GHz
 Duration: from 100 fs down to 19 fs
 Ave. power: up to 1.8 Watts from an oscillator



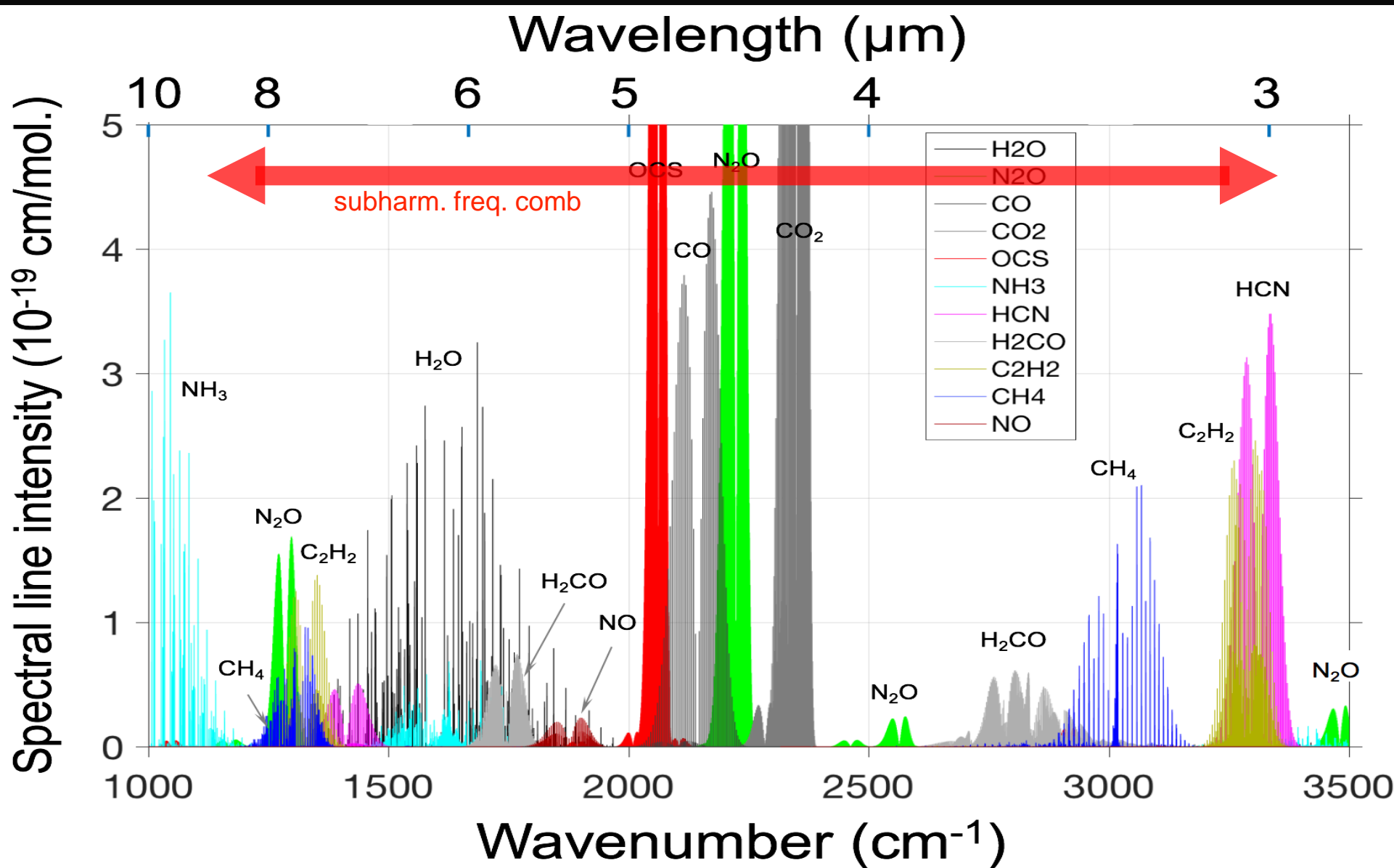
Cr:ZnS - pumped OP-GaAs system

Collaboration with Sergey Mirov's group (UAB / IPG)



A subharmonic OPO based on 0.5-mm-thick OP-GaAs pumped by a 62-fs Kerr-lens mode-locked Cr:ZnS oscillator (2.35 μm , 79 MHz, 800 mW).

Broadband (3–9 μm) output.
 120 mW average power
 (Subharmonic conversion efficiency \sim 20%).
 OPO pump depletion 85%.

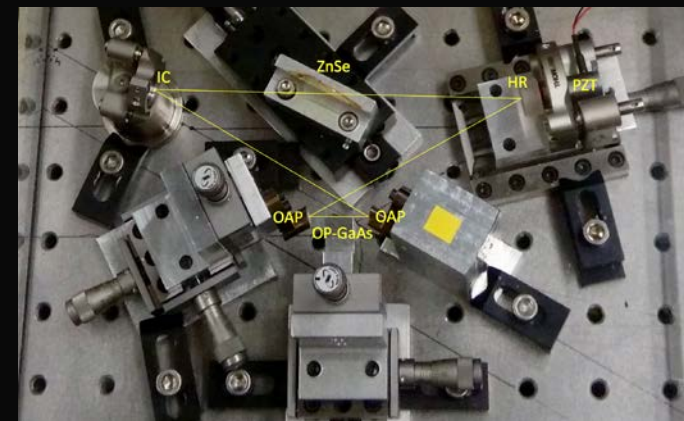


High-power GHz system, span 3–8 μm

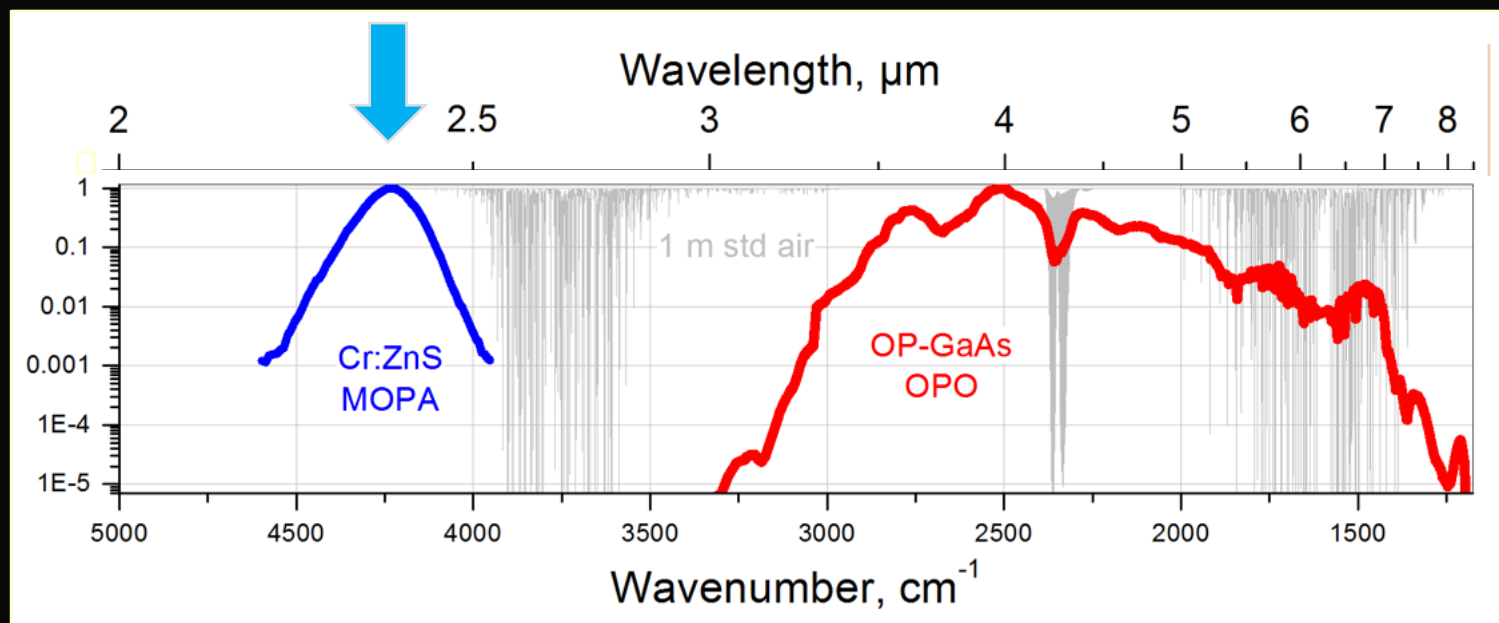
Pump: KLM Cr²⁺:ZnS laser 2.35 μm , 77 fs, **0.9 GHz**, 6 W

Subharmonic OPO based on a QPM OP-GaAs crystal.

0.5-W output in the form of a broadband (3–8 μm) spectrum



KLM Cr:ZnS laser 2.35 μm

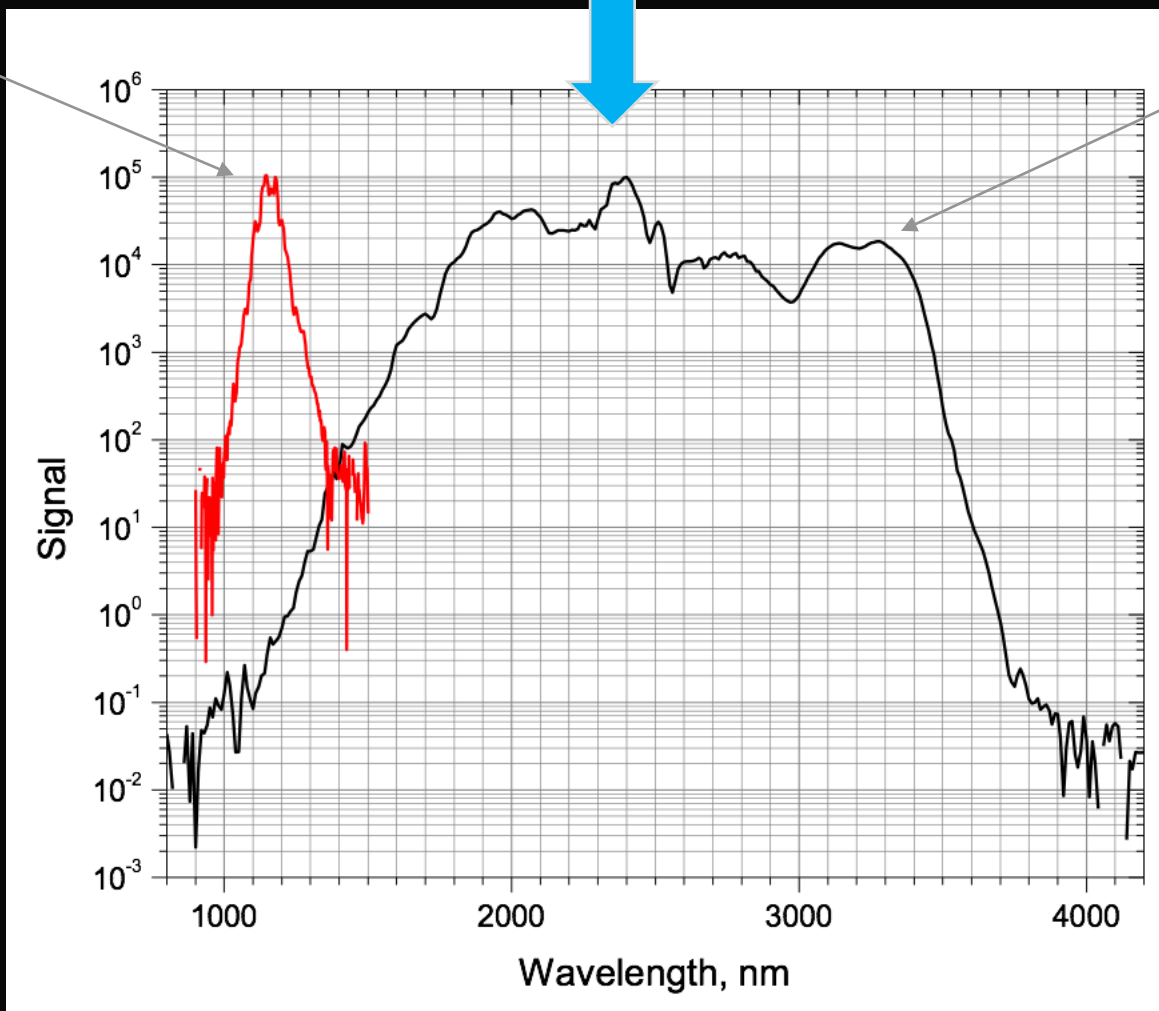


Two octaves-wide supercontinuum in SiN waveguide

KLM Cr:ZnS laser 2.35 μm

Second harmonic of the Cr:ZnS laser

Supercontinuum spectra generated in SiN waveguide

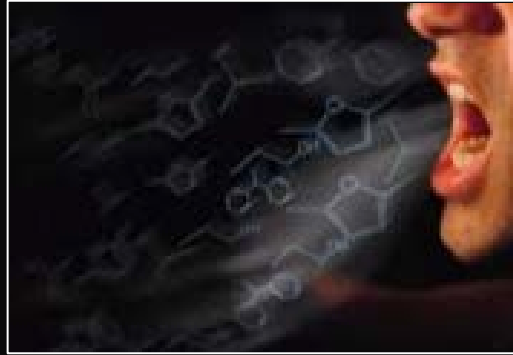


Collaboration:

S. Mirov group

T. Kippenberg group

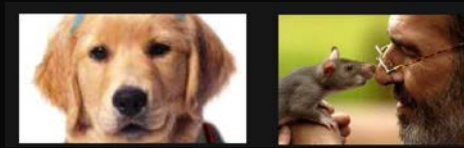
Non-invasive diagnostics via breath



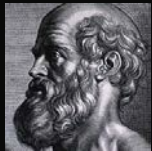
Breath testing is probably the least invasive of all diagnostic tests. For centuries, physicians used a “sniff test” of patient’s breath to diagnose conditions like diabetes. Breath is most informative medium: it contains a rich assortment (> 200) of volatile metabolites (usually in trace amounts) that carry enough information about the body’s metabolism for an accurate diagnosis for many conditions.

Biomarkers in human breath

... concept that breath contains molecules that originated from normal or abnormal physiology...



Animals can be used for sensitive diagnostics



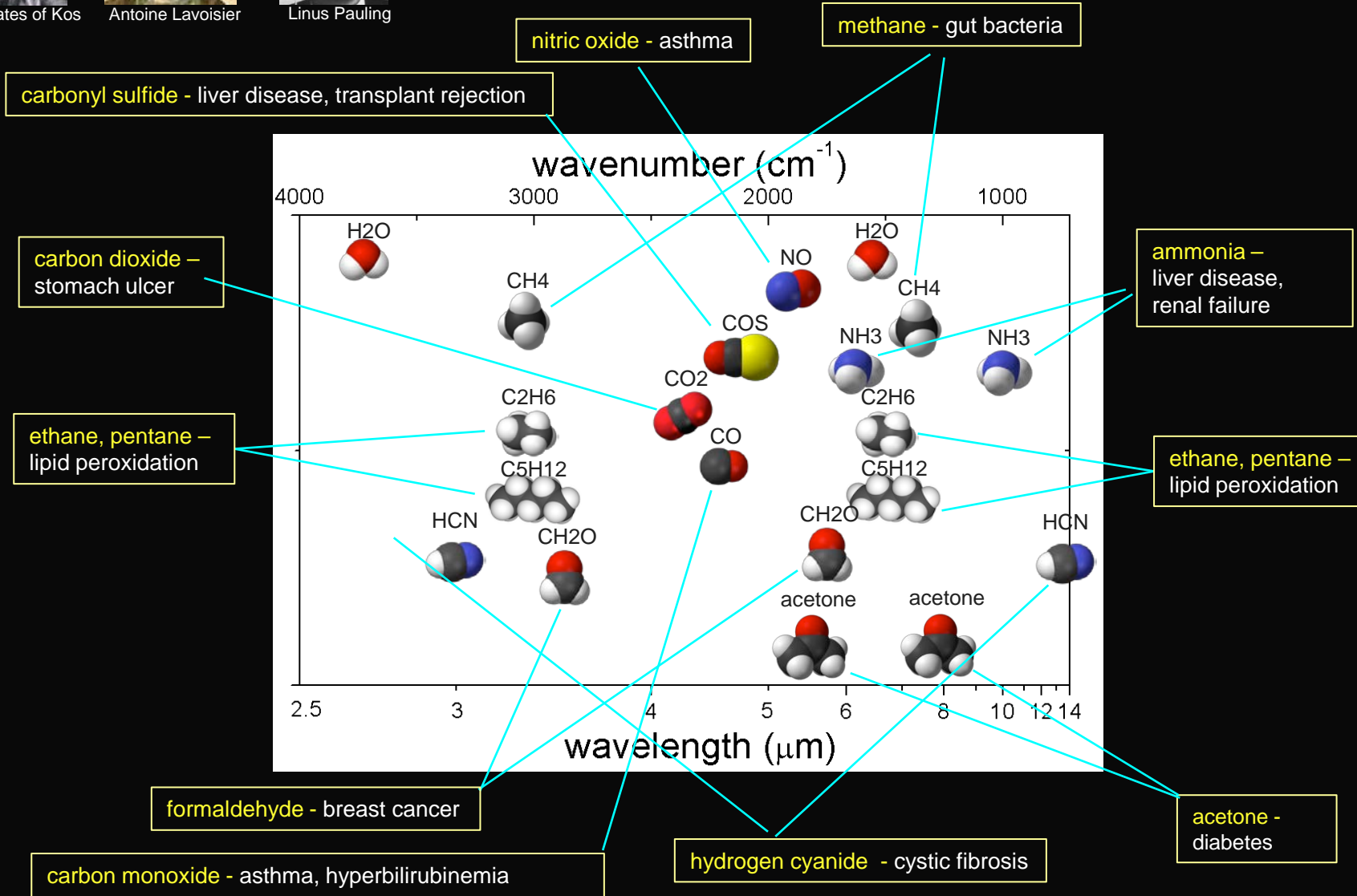
Hippocrates of Kos



Antoine Lavoisier

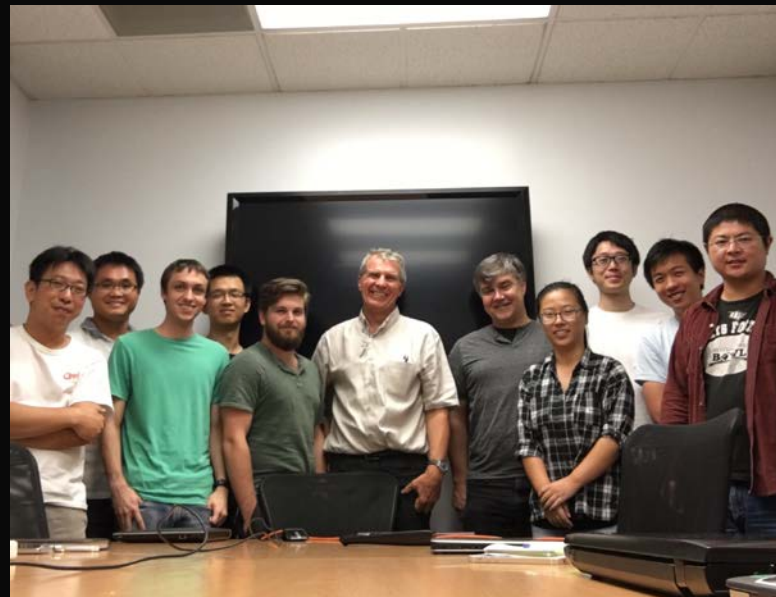


Linus Pauling



Conclusion

- Highly coherent dual-comb subharmonic OPO system pumped by phase-locked Tm-fiber combs
- Simultaneous acquisition of 350,000 spectral data points over 3.1–5.5 μm
- Parallel detection of 22 trace molecular species in a mixture including isotopes: ^{13}C , ^{18}O , ^{17}O , ^{15}N , ^{34}S , ^{33}S and ^2H (deuterium)
- Part-per-billion level sensitivity and sub-Doppler resolution.
- Absolute optical frequency referencing to atomic clock
- Feasibility for kilohertz-scale spectral resolution
- Subharmonic combs - extendable to 2 octaves with 2.35 μm fs pump



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